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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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# FEDERA BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION'

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MINNEAPOLIS	MINNEAPOLIS	11/13/73	2/13 - 11/8/73	
TITLE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY		R <sub>b7C</sub>
RUSSELL CHARLES	neans, aka.	CHARACTER OF CIR - B	&L ARL - IFO; AF ACY; UPOF.	0;
10.	nneapolis report o	of SA	dated	
<u>ADMINISTRATIVE</u>	/			

Investigation contained herein consists of interviews deemed necessary to prove elements of "civil disorder" caused as a result of the 71 day seige of the Village of Wounded Knee, S.D., by members of the American Indian Movement.

Previous reports in this matter are referenced in the first paragraph of details at the request of USA WILLIAM F. CLAYTON, District of South Dakota; three copies of this report are being forwarded the USA, Sioux Falls, S.D., to be used by the USA in the event simultaneous trials are conducted in Sioux Falls, S.D., and St. Paul, Minnesota;

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only one copy of the report is being designated for Minneapolis in view of its size and in view of the fact copies will also be designated for the other leadership files.

FD-302s contained herein were previously reported in the Minneapolis case entitled, "WOUNDED KNEE", MP file 70-6832, Bufile 70-58411.

A true copy of the Oglala Sioux Court Order, dated 2/9/73; a xerox copy of which is contained herein, is kept in MP 70-6882-1A; a certified copy of the U.S. Department of Interior letter, a xerox copy of which is contained herein, is kept in MP 70-6950-1A.

Information copies of this report are being furnished to Denver, Oklahoma City and Phoenix in view of their interest in AIM leadership.

### LEAD

## MINNEAPOLIS

# AT RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTÁ

Will, through, AUSA RICHARD D. HURD, District of South Dakota, follow the prosecution of RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

3 - USA. Sioux Falls, South Dakota

Report of: Date:

November 13, 1973

Office: Minneapolis, Minnesotab6

b70

Field Office File #:

70-6882

Bureau File #: 176-2401

Title:

RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS

Character:

CRIME ON AN INDIAN RESERVATION - BURGLARY & LARCENY; ANTI-RIOT LAWS - IMPEDING FEDERAL OFFICERS; ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICERS; CONSPIRACY; UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FIREARMS

Synopsis:

Investigation herein consists of interviews of BIA officials, FBI officials, Postal officials, and Wounded Knee residents, regarding the civil disorder caused as a result of the 71 day seige of the Village of Wounded Knee, S.D., by members of the American Indian Movement (AIM). ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

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#### DETAILS:

Reference is made to the investigative reports of dated 5/18/73, and the reports of dated 8/3/73, 9/19/73, and 10/20/73.

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COURT ORDER

WHEREAS, a petition has been filed into the Oglals Sioux Tribal Court by the Oglala Sioux Tribal President, stating that his life has been threatened by the American Indian Movement and that the American Indian Movement has threatened to remove certain Records held in safe keeping by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and that the safety of the law abiding citizens of the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation risy be in danger by the American Indian Movement coming to Pine Ridge as they have threatened to do. That petitioner has betitioned the Court to issue an Order requesting the presence of United States Marshalls on the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation until such time as they are needed, and that the presence of other Federal Officers be made available if the need arises.

WHEREFORE: BE IT AND IT IS HEREWITH ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED:

THMT, the Court of the Oglala Sioux Tribe hereby grants a Court Order that the prosence of United States Marchalls be requested immediately and other Federal Officers be made available as the need arises.

THAT, any person or persons may show cause why this Court Order should not stand as committed.

THAT, this Court Order shall stand as committed until otherwise changed by the entitled Court of the Oglala Sioux Tribe.

THAT, failure to abide by this Court Order, any person or persons vill be held for prosecution under Section 72, of the Revised Code of the Oglala Sioux Tribe, entitled, "DISOREDIENCE TO THE LAWFUL ORDER OF THE COURT."

DONE THIS 9TH DAY OF FEBRUARY 1973 IN THE COURT HOUSE OF THE CGLALA SIOUN TRIBE, PINE RIDGE AGENCY, STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, COUNTY OF SHANNON.

ATTEST:

8-31-73

TEPUL GOLERK OF BOURT

Alexander Course

### CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE

I HERRBY CERTIFY THAT I HAVE SERVED THIS COURT ORDER ON THIS DAY OF 19 AS DIRECTED.

This is a true Copy of the tribul Court wider

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0 ... 19.

## AT WASHINGTON, D.C.

On August 6, 1973 and September 17, 1973, SA contacted FRANKLIN E. VANDEGRIFT, Deputy Director, Special Operations Group, U.S. Marshals Service (USMS). Mr. VANDEGRIFT advised a communication dated February 13, 1973, from Secretary of the Interior to the Attorney General was the only communication received by the USMS. Mr. REIS R. KASH, Associate Director of Operations, USMS, further advised that all orders and directives given by WAYNE B. COLBURN, Director, USMS, were maintained by log or journal, the original of which was forwarded U.S. Attorney WILLIAM F. CLAYTON.

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On September 20, 1973, SA contacted RAYMOND BUTLER, Director, Office of Indian Services, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior. Mr. BUTLER advised he inquired throughout BIA and determined prior to the March 19, 1973 letter from Oglala Sioux, no written communication could be located requesting the presence of U.S. Marshals.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

623

Date of transcription Harch 7, 1973

On February 27, 1973, the following took place:

At approximately 9:00 p.m., while at a motel room in Rushvillo, Rebraska, I received a telephone call from a news service who advised that MARCH DESERSA had in turn advised him that there would be a confrontation at Vounded Ence that might.

Upon receipt of the above information, I tolephoned the V. S. Harmhal's Uffice at the Bureau of Indian Affairs (SIA) Building in Pine Ridge, South Dakota, and furnished the above information to them. They adviced he that they had received the care information and that, in fact, Indians were then at Vounded hade and had burgiarized a store and taken a considerable amount of verpose and had obtained deveral hostages. Allegedly one of the heaters, a krs. Gildenslaws, was on the phone to the Police Supartment advising them of this situation.

residentely left the motel room, assembled all available Agents, and we proceeded to the Pine Ridge area and from those to Wounded Exact hond. I was advised by radio that the DIA law enforcement efficient in the area had been fixed upon when they attempted to enter the town site. They had retreated to a place on Wounded Exact Road further south and were standing by.

At appreximately 10:00 p.m., I rendozvoused with the BIA Police Officers and ascertained that they had been fired upon and that sees of their units were attempting to establish a rendblock north of town. I suggested to the BIA Police that they refunders their units on the north and of town, as well as on the east and west side, and the FBI would handle the readblock on the south end of Vounded Enes Road where it exets Highway 18.

At about this time, a fast-moving car sped by the area and proceeded nouth on Vounded Enco Read at a high rate of speed. I ordered that we give immediate chase and use the pirch to compel the vehicle shead of us to stop. The car I was in was then being driven by Special Agent Several miles down the read, the car stopped and the driver

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Mejviewed :	2/27/73	····	"bīra	Ridge,	South	Dakota	_:File # LIP	70-6832

SAC JOSEPH H. TRILIPACIL: WKb

Date dictated 3/5/73

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KP 70~6832

identified himself as Oglala Sioux Legal Services. Reduced that he had come from Wounded Knee. He further related the following:

He was in no way involved in the takeover of the town site and, in fact, he was shocked at this conduct. He know many of the American Indian Movement (AIM) people and was frequently with them and thought that they were going to go to Wounded knee to have a pow-wow.

When he found out that they were taking over the town and burglarizing the store, he decided to get out as soon as he could. Was told that if we developed any information that he was involved in this incident he would be under arrest. He voluntarily opened the trunk of his car to show that he had no items taken from the burglary. He was requested to proceed to the BIA Building in Pine Ridge for detailed interview.

On my instructions, FBI Agents stopped all cars exiting from Wounded Knee and if the occupants had articles in their possession indicating they may have been taken from the burglary, I instructed that the occupants be arrested. I further advised that unless the occupants could explain why they were coming out of Wounded Knee at this time, such as a tourist who might have been caught up in the middle of this situation, that the occupants of any such cars would be subject to arrest. It should be noted that these instructions were issued immediately after the readblock was put up on the Wounded Knee Road and Highway 18.

was a car driven by

U. S. Department of Justice,

I went up to him and said, "ar. to work with those people is one thing, but if I find that you have participated in a burglary with them, I will have to arrest you."

when the burglary and subsequent takeover occurred. He said he wanted to leave but they told him they wanted him to wait while they rade their demands. I asked him what demands he was referring to, at which time he gave me two pieces of paper which state as follows:

#### "DEMANDS

"I. Senator WILLIAM FULLBRIGHT to convene Senate Foriegn Relations Committee immediately for hearings on treation made with American Indian Matiens and ratified by the Congress of the U.S.

"II. Senator EDWARD KENNEDY to convene Benate Sub-Committee on Administrative Practices and Procedures for immediate, full-scale investigation and exposure of the Euroau of Indian Affairs and the Department of the Interior from the Agency, reservation offices, to the area offices, to the central office in Vashington, D.C.

"III. Senator JAMES ABOUREZE to convene the Senate Sub-Cormittee on Indian Affairs for a complete investigation on all Sioux Reservations in South Dukota.

- "A. Oglala Sicux Civil Rights Organization:
  President VERN LONG
  Vice-President PEDEO BYSSOMETTE
  . Secretary
- "B. American Indian Hovement:
  Londer RUSSELL IMANS

"People we will negotiate with:

- "1. Mr. ERHLICHAN of the White House.
- 2. Senator's KENHEDY, ABOUREZK, and FULLERIGHT or their top aides.
- 3. The Commissionor of the B.I.A. and the Secty. of Interior.

The action and seizure of Wounded Knee, South Dakota on Febrary 27, 1973 at 8:30 p.m. by the Oglala Lakota with the support and technical assistance of the American Indian Hovement is taken because of the complete tyranny and suppression of the Oglala and all American Indian people.

The Bureau of Indian Affairs is responsible for the tyraway because of rampant graft, corruption and outright dictatorship of Indian people.

"The only two options open to the United States of America are:

- 1. They wipe out all the old people, women, children and men, by shooting & attacking us.
- "2. They negotiate our demands.

Before we took action this day we asked for and received complete direction and support of madicing man and chiefs of the Oglala Nation!

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<b>4.</b>		7.	SEVERT	YOUNG	REAR
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IP 70-6832:

also mentioned that he was told to write the following information down and present it in the form exactly as shown below. He then referred to some notes and said, "Communicate this demand to whoever is in charge. We are operating under the Provisions of the 1868 Sicux This is an act of war initiated by the United Treaty. We are only demanding our country." States. I asked who gave him this demand and he replied that it was given to him by RUSSELL MEANS. . Based on the assurance of Mr. that he was not personally involved in the burglary or the takeover, I pormitted him to proceed out of the readblock area. I told him that I would see to it that the information he supplied would be furnished to the appropriate authorities. Supervisor vas placed in charge of this roadblock and I then proceeded to the Command Fost in order to handle the placement of additional personnel as they arrived from Rapid City, South Dakota.

1.

3/12/73

On the morning of February 28, 1973, I was requested by SAC JOSEPH H. TRINBACH to drive him in CG 102 to the village of Wounded Knee for a conference with AIM leaders. I left the Command Post with Trimbach at 1:30 MI February 28, 1973, and arrived at Roadblock #1 at 1:50 FM. We proceeded through the roadblock toward Wounded Knee on Wounded Knee Road and stopped approximately 50 yards from the AIM roadblock located south of the Wounded Knee Church. SAC TRIMBACH exited from the car and walked, unarmed to the area in front of the roadblock. I observed that he was met by two unidentified males. He conversed with these men for approximately 15 minutes, during which time he was joined by a few additional males. I remained in the Bureau car and observed that approximately 12 males were located behind the AIM roadblock. Most of these persons were armed with shoulder weapons. The roadblock conisted of what appeared to be junked pickup trucks placed across the highway.

SAC TRIMBACH returned to the car at 2:20 PM February 28, 1973, at which time we proceeded south on Wounded Knee Road and returned to the Command Post.

plerviewed on 2/28/73 of Pine Ridge, South Dakota File # MP 70-6832

y SA Dole dictoled 3/11/73

his document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is looned to your agency; t and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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by Mr.

On the morning of March I. 1973, I was requested by Mr.

Attorney Ceneral, to see if I could arrange a meeting place for Senators IC GOVERN and ABCUREZK to meet with the Indians, if the Senators desired to have such a meeting.

In accordance with this request, I proceeded to Wounded Knee and after passing our readblock, followed the procedure that I had followed the day before. This involves putting a white flag on the car antenna and slowly driving into the town site. About 100 yards from where the Indians had constructed a barrier of two burned cars, I exited from the Bureau car and walked approximately 100 feet. I was met by RUSSELL MEANS.

I told RUSSELL MEANS that the Senators had arrived and that I desired to arrange a meeting place if, in fact, the Senators were going to meet with the Indians. I recommended aclocation two miles north of Wounded Mace Road on Route 18.

-RUSSELL MEANS said that the Senators should come into Wounded Knee. I told him I did not think the Senators would want to do that but I would relay his request. Ho said that the Indians owned this land and, therefore, they would dictate where they would meet the Senators.

I thereupon returned to the office and after briefing the Senators, it was decided that they would not meet with the Indians unless the hostages were released first. Meliowing the procedure mentioned above, I again met with RUSSELL MEANS. I told him that the Senators would not meet with him until the hostages were released.

At this point numerous persons with the news media came to the area and with them were three persons, who LEANS said were on the hostage list. These individuals stated that they were no longer hostages and were free to come and go as they pleased. LEANS said that the other eight hostages were also free to come and go as they wished but that none of the hostages wished to leave. I told him I would bring this message to the Senators.

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MP 70-6832

It was then docided by the Senators that they would come to the readblock area. I thereupon drove Senators LC GOVERN and ABOUREZK and the aides to Senators KEWNEDY and LANSFIELD to the readblock on Wounded Knee Read. I had no further contact with the personnel on the other side of the readblock on this date.

# FEDERAL BUREAU O INVESTIGATION

Pote of ironscription March 6, 1973

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During the late morning and early afternoon of March 1, 1973, Special Agent accompanied Special Agent in Charge JOSEPH H. TRIMBACH to the FBI roadblock on Wounded Knee Road, south of Wounded Knee. Special Agent in Charge TRIMBACH and Special Agent proceeded from the FBI roadblock northerly to a point approximately 100 yards south of a roadblock established by the Indians.	
At the Indian roadblock, Special Agent in Charge (SAC) TRIMBACH got out of the car, which he had been driving, and was met by two Indian males each carrying a rifle. Special Agent remained in the vehicle to maintain radio contact. Both SAC TRIMBACH and SA were unarmed.	) ;
After SAC TRIMBACH exited the vehicle, an automobile was observed parked on a hill to the left. On and around the vehicle, four or five Indian males were observed armed with rifles. One Indian male had a rifle equipped with a telescopic sight which he kept aimed at SA and SAC TRIMBACH during the entire time of the conference between SAC TRIMBACH and the Indians. At one point, an unidentified Indian male came running down the hill waving a rifle and yelling that the FBI and United States Marshals were advancing. SAC TRIMBACH assured the Indians this was not true. Many threatening gestures were made during this time by the armed Indians.	;
Simultaneously, approximately six Indian males armed with rifles approached the FBI vehicle from both sides to within a distance of 100 feet at the closest point. Also, approximatel four vehicles approached from the north carrying approximately 15 armed Indian males. Other armed Indian males were observed in the surrounding fields.	і . <b>у</b>
After discussions were completed, a second meeting was held at the same site, attended by RUSSELL MEANS. After several minutes of conversation between SAC TRIMBACH and MEANS, approximately 20 members of the news media surrounded SAC TRIMBACH and MEANS and monitored the balance of the conversation When the meeting was concluded, SAC TRIMBACH returned to the car and then to the FBI roadblock.	ıs.
on 3/1/73 pine Ridge, South Dakota Filo # MP 70-3832	
SA jlj Dole dictriled 3/2/73	, •

2 TP 70-6832

U-Haul, white over orange van, drive up beside the Indian roadblock and unload what appeared to be an automatic weapon equipped with a bipod or triped on the front of the weapon. The weapon was later returned to the van without being set up.

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No shots were fired by the Indians. No conversations between SAC TRIMBACH and RUBBELL MEANS were overheard by SA

### BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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At 5:15 p.m. I received information over the modio that FDI personnal who were ut leadblock 3 conducting index-views were under fire and were requesting inmediate beginsted.

In reposes to the above, I ordered all evallable units to proceed to Readblock 3. I proceeded to the seems impediately and obtained direct radio contact will Readblock 6 at approximately 5:00 p.m. Upon armiving at the accept a could hear remanded thats being fixed. After dealoying the agrees to cover the flanks and the many; I proceded to the America personnel Complete at Readblock 3 and readouversed with our personnel thate and with the United States Resolute. I was smalled to observe any of the individuals who were firing as and after about one here of fixing, the shooting our pad-

Interviewed on 3/8/73 Nounded Knee, South Dakota 102 70-6832

SAC JOSEPH H. TRIPEACH/eqt 3/9/73

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Date of transcription March 11, 1973

On March 10, 1973, at 1:45 PM, I accompanied WAYNE COBURN, Director of United States Marshal Service and Special Agent in Charge ROBERT W. EVANS in a bus, which was driven by a Community Relations Service employee, to a point about midway between the AIM readblock and the readblock manned by United States Marshals. We pulled off into a parking area and an individual, who identified himself as STANLEY HOLDER, came aboard the bus. He said he was chief of security for AIM. He proposed that AIM remove their readblocks, and that in return the Marshals should remove their readblocks. He said this would mean that anyone would have free access into Weundod Knee. Marshal COBURN said he was agreeable to removing his readblocks in accordance with this provision. I informed HOLDER that the FBI would continue its investigation and that sooner or later he and all of his associates would be arrested.

The man who identified himself as HOLDER was dressed in a blue flowered shirt, had a mustache, black hair, a ring on the little finger of his loft hand, and a ring on the ring finger of his left hand.

Interviewed on 3/10/73

Wounded Knee, South Dakotale # MP 70-6832.

SAC JOSEPH H. TRIMBACH: 113

3/17

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Date of transcription Narch 11, 1973

Special Agent in Charge RODERT W. EVANS when we proceeded to the American Indian Movement Checkpoint in Wounded Knee. We were met by several guards, all carrying shoulder type weapons. They asked what we wanted and I told them we were with the Federal Bureau of Investigation and we were supposed to meet someone in authority so that we could find out what their intentions were. I specifically mentioned the name of STANLEY HOLDER as a person we could talk to.

Shortly thereafter MOLDER arrived and I spoke to him. I told HOLDER that he was holding up our investigation and that we wanted access into Wounded Knee. HOLDER said he would check and let me know. About five minutes later an individual who refused to identity himself arrived at the Dureau Car and informed us that we were to immediately leave the area and that when any law enforcement officers were found at wounded Knee, they were to be "arrested".

This occurred at about 10:20 A.M. this date and I and Special Agent in Charge EVANS immediately left the area.

,

Date of transcription March 11, 1973

On March 11, 1973, I went into the Wounded Kneo area accompanied by Special Agent in Charge WILBURN K. DE BRULER. Our purpose was to see whether or not we would be denied access to the area.

We arrived at the readblock set up by AIM at 6:40 AM. Four individuals met us, each of whom was carrying a shoulder-type weapon. I identified myself as Special Agent in Charge of the FBI and I informed these individuals that I had official work to do at Wounded Knee, and that they were holding up the progress of the FBI's investigation. I asked him what he was going to do if I proceeded to drive on through. I specifically asked him if he was going to shoot me. To this, one of the individuals replied he would stop us from entering Wounded Knee.

The individual I spoke with would be in his 20's, about 5'10" tall, with a mustache, black hair, and was wearing a black jacket. He had a rifle in his hands. I asked him what color eyes he had and he then closed his eyes and walked away. He refused to give me his name.

DE BRULER and myself departed the area.

	· /	•		•
Interviewed on 3/11/73	1011 10	unded Knev. So	uth Dakota#	<u> 112 70-6932 </u>
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SAC JOSEPH H. TRILBACH: 414

Date dictated\_

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dale of Iranscription March 3, 197.

b6 b7C While conducting investigation as to the location and movement of a late model Ford Econoline U-Haul Rental Van. Texas License 42\*9747, Special Agents
Federal Bureau of Investigation, were <del>startoned in a bureau c</del>ar near the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Building, Pine Ridge. South Dakota. At approximately were advised by 7:15 P.M., Special Agents Special Agents Federal Bureau of Investigation, from another Bureau car, the U-Haul Van supra, had joined a caravan, approximately 60 cars, departing from an American Indian Movement (AIM) meeting which had been held at Calico Hall, about tive miles north of Pine Ridge, South Dakota and was proceeding with the caravan towards Pine Ridge. Special Agents took a position at the intersection of a four-way stop near United States Highway 18. At approximately 7:30 P.M. the first vehicle of the caravan approached the four-way stop where Special had positioned themselves and without Agents stopping the caravan, proceeded through the four-way stop, continuing in an easterly direction on United States Highway 18. After about 35 cars had passed through the intersection, The U-Haul Van supra was observed to go through the intersection, continuing with the caravan. Special Agents joined the caravan, two cars behind the U-Haul Van, and proceeded east bound. The U-Haul Van proceeded east for about two blocks, then turned into a Husky Gasoline Station on the north side of United States Highway 18 where its driver was observed to purchase gas. While the driver of the U-Haul van was purchasing gas, various cars from the caravan made u-turns and drove back to the gasoline station, driving on to and off the gasoline station, driving until the U-Haul Van departed. Wounded Knee, South Dakota 70-6832 Pine Ridge. South Dakota File # Interviewed on 2/27/73 SA 3/3/73 kci Date dictated\_

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MP 70-6832

Upon departing the gas station the negative van again ioined the caravan with Special Agents taking a position immediately at the rear of the U-Haul Van.
The entire caravan then proceeded east bound on the United States Highway 18 until reaching the intersection of United States Highway 18 and Wounded Knee Road where the caravan turned left and proceeded towards Wounded Knee.
At approximately 8 P.M. Special Agents
observed the main body of the caravan to be within
the town of Wounded Knee. At this point several of the caravan cars had passed Special Agents placing themselves between the U-Haul Van and the Bureau car. The U-Haul Van was last observed to be driving into the town of Wounded Knee at the intersection of Wounded Knee Road and Manderson Road.
Upon reaching the intersection of Wounded Knee Road and Manderson Road Special Agents stopped their car, observed the rest of the caravan to enter the town of Wounded Knee. A few moments later shots were heard from within the town of Wounded Knee and several of the cars from the caravan were observed to be returning towards Special Agents who departed their location and returned to Pine Ridge, South Dakota.

b6 b7C

Drange Street Exxon Serviche
Station, dvised as follows: b7c
On February 9, 1973, an individual identifying himself as and giving an address of Montana, approached him to entered the station alone but was driven there in a car containing three or four other individuals who appears to be Indians. cannot describe any individuals other than
is not sure which. The ventcle also bore
went on to advise that
Went on to advise office
nor has he received any word from as to its location.  It is recollection that displayed a south Dakota driver's license no other identification. He described as follows:  Race American Indian Age Early 20s Height 5'8" Weight 140# Build Medium Complexion Light Eyes Erown Remarks May have wore glasses Hair Black
a complaint in the Office of the Missoula County Attorney charging
SA SA Date dictoled 3/7/73

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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

.		Date of transcription3/21/7	3
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	A.		
•		. •	•
	In connection with the investig and larceny of the Vounded Maca, South Da the takeover of Lounded Mace, South Datest American Indians on February 27, 1973, the	Torred on Whole of Emain Thomas on	50.50 AS
	Special Agents (DAs) FITZGERALD, rederal Durosu of Investigation to be on Handerson Road approximately severanded Ense and one mile couth of Handerson EA was driving Enresu one CG 71 vises the passenger.	ou miles morth of ron. South Dohota	asion
	observed a  vebicle from the touth the off of the properties of the recording chair per plant, the occupants of the recording chair per plant, the occupants of the recording chair parties for about the prevention of the recording chair parties for about the prevention for a point the prevention for a point the prevention for a point the prevention for a perfect the perfect that the prevention for a perfect the perfect that the perfect the perfect that	cition. <u>After st</u> 2008 579	heir dals
	The van was recomined to both ( FITZCINAID as a vehicle thich had been in who had taken ever wanded knee, February both Eas FITZCINAID know a the vehicle	use by the India: 27, 1973. Furth: 2¢ report for the vac on file at	is Pr <sub>ę.</sub> .
÷	Linting, and a federal varyont t	ses on tile for	
	within the immediate vicinity was contacted its three occupants were requested to back	end Fost at the Pine Hidge, South Structed to stop For MAI vehicle of by radio and c up Sas	
Interviewe	wed on_3/11/73of_Ping_Ridgo, So. Dakota	0 , ,	43
		у но т	
by	SAS and	oled3/25/73	
	Cunting A. In Experimental Date dicte	alea	
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FIFEERAID approached the eag sa ven's position its occurants backed onto Kanderson Road end proceeded southbound toward Hounded Knes. 84.8 and FITZGITAID approached the van from the rear, pursuing it for a few thousand feet, using the siren of CG 71. As the van increased its speed and gave no indication of pulled CG 7% alongside the van and stopping SA still using the siren attempted to verce its drivers to stop. At this point MA FIERGERILD advised the driver of the van had a gun in his open window and to pull back to our original position behind the ven. Chertly effer dropping back behind the van its driver started Criving from plie to pide on Manderson Need at a speed of about 55 miles per hour.

and then one round hit the recovary pavement bosids SA At this point SA PITZGHAID attempted to return five with an H-IG rifle from the right window of CG 71. His rifle misfired and he pulled it back into CG 71 to chamber a new round. At that point several rounds of gunfire were being fired by the occupants of the van through the van's rear doors at SAS FITZGHAID. As NA FITZGHAID again attempted to fire the new cleared M-IG a round was received from the van through the right windshield of CG 71. The round struck SA FITZGHAID in the loft hand and right forcarn causing him to drop his rifle from the car window.

sa then fired six shots from his revelver, a Smith and Wesson Kodel 19, .367 magnum, left-handed, at the driver of the van each time he came in view as he sworved the van back and forth on the readway.

Bloeding profusely SA FITZGERAID then fired six rounds from his revolver, a Smith and Wesson Model 10, .38 Special, left-handed, from his car window.

Continuing to pursue the van SA radioed the Command Post that SA FITZGERAID had been hit and requested additional assistance. SA releaded his revolver and continued to pursue the van. Continuous gunfire was coming from the van and as SA was releading his revolver a second round was received through the left windshield of CG 71, fragments of which went passed SA right ear. At that

MP 70-6832

point Sa Birod en edditional six rounds into the roar of the van through the windshield of CG 71. As the sixth round was fired SAs FITZCERALD had reached the perimotor position outside Vounded Knoe approxirately one andone bull miles north of Woundod Knee on Handerson Road. SA FINZCHALD was still Eleding profunely and had not he able to reload his revolver. FA stroped CG 71, removed SA FIZZCIMAD from the cor, placed bin on the ground at its roor and releaded his revolver <del>in enli</del>gitation of the ven's occupants returning. Sha FINITUMALD then evolved a townselect to SAFITZGERALD's right arm motor satisfy that of capturate palaceta Challed and has arm attempting to stop the ilea of blood. At this <u>noint the Buresu our coulty to the ensighance of SAs</u> PITICINALD arrived, its three coorpants Lureau Agents, establishing a rold block and brepar ing for the van's return. Within accords theresiven two BIA police units arrived joining the three Eureau. placed MA FINESHALD back in CG 71 Aments. SA and departed toward Handerson. Alout two miles north of the old parimeter position Slo DIAMCONAID met the third HIA police wait and SA NINZORALD was placed in the RYA ralice unit. St VYTTETPAND was r moved by for the Pine Ridge, Lorth Pohota Respital with SA returning to the old purimeter to join the other Buroau unit and BIA volice units. Subsequently Si returned to the point about two miles morth of the old perimeter where SA FITZGERALD had been hit and located his H-16 rifle.

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#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date of transcription 9/12/73

On September 5, 1973, AGNES GILDERSLEEVE, 504 Second Street, Rushville, Nebraska, telephone number (308) 327-2713, was interviewed concerning the disorder of civil functions at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, between February 27 and May 8, 1973, when militant American Indian Movement (AIM) members took over the village by force. She furnished the following information:

She, her husband, CLIVE GILDERSLEEVE, and other residents of Wounded Knee were taken hostage on February 27, 1973, and stayed in Wounded Knee, South Dakota, for approximately ten days thereafter. During the above period of time, the below described civil functions were unavailable:

- United States Postal deliveries;
- 2. Deliveries of merchandise to the Trading Post;
- 3. Law enforcement officials were not able to enforce infractions and violations of the law:
- 4. Fire protection;
- Religious ceremonies at the Church of their choice were unavailable;
- 6. Newspaper deliveries were unavailable.

interviewed on	9/5/73	_oıRushville,	Nebraska	, _File # _	MP 176-156	
bySA		sks	Date dictated_		9/9/73	ь6 b7С

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Date of transcription 9/12/73

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Interviewed on	9/5/73 ot	Rushville,	Nebraska	File # MP	176-156	
bySA		sks	Date dictated_	9/9	9/73	b6 b70



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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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•	1	-	Date of transcription 9/15/73
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	civil fun February	iction	South Dakota, telephone number interviewed concerning the disruption of s at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, between 973, and May 8, 1973, when militant
	· American	India	n Movement (AIM) members took over and held Wounded Knee by force.
	March 8,	1973. oction	9/3. and remained in Wounded Knee until commented about the disruption of s during the above mentioned period as
		(1)	There were no mail deliveries to Wounded Knee, South Dakota. After about the fourth day, representatives of the United States Department of Justice were allowed into Wounded lines and they did remove some mail from the area;
		(2)	There were no merchandise deliveries to the Wounded Knee Trading Post;
	.*	(3)	Law enforcement officials were not allowed into Wounded Knee and were not able to enforce infractions and violations of the law;
		(4)	There was no fire protection provided for the residents of Wounded Knee during the occupation;
	,	(5) [	Religious ceremonies at the church of their choice were unavailable.  did lead the residents of Wounded Knee on one or two occasions;
		(6)	Newspaper deliveries were unavailable during the period of the occupation.
Interviewed	on: 9/13/	73	ot Rapid City, South Dakota File # MP 176-156
by	SA SA		sks Date dictated 9/14/73

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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIO

9/21/73

Date of transcription\_

b6 b7C South Dakota, telephone was shown photographs of individuals who had been arrested or against whom charges have been brought as a result of the takeover and subsequent occupation of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, by members of the American Indian Movement (AIM) from February 27, 1973, through May 8, 1973. After viewing the photographs, was able to identify and comment on the following individuals: advised that he saw about the seventh day of the occupation at the west cabin. He said that at that time was not armed with a weapon but that when on subsequent occasions, was armed with various weapons including rifles. He said that he also remembered seeing around the Wounded Knee Trading Post and recalls that was wearing a cowboy hat, a medallion . and necklace, and a jacket, all of which may have been taken from the Trading Post. WARFIELD "MILO" GOINGS advised that he remembers that on about the sixth day of the occupation of Wounded Knee, GOINGS appeared at the GILDERSLEEVE cabin, on one occasion to check the operation of the telephone in the cabin. At that time GOINGS was armed with an AK-47 automatic rifle. identified the South Dakota. He stated that he observed them taking merchandise from the Wounded Knee Trading Post and putting same into their automobile. 9/13/73 Rapid City, South Dakota File # MP 176-157 Interviewed on\_ sks

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Date dictated\_

MP 176-157
advised he first recalled seeing
on about the seventh day of the occupation when came to the GILDERSLEEVE residence. He stated that
if he could have some of the frozen
food from the GILDERSLEEVE's deep freeze. said
stated that
ho asked how long he had been a member of AIM and replied that he had joined several weeks before
the telegraph of Wounded Knee. advised that at the
the the selection of Wounded Knee. advised that at the time appeared at the GILDERSLEEVE residence, he
was armed with a rifle.
advised that he saw on the night of
February 28, 1973, in the Catholic Church basement. He said that he does not know what duties had at Wounded
said that he does not know what duties had at Wounded Knee and he did not observe him after the night of February
28, 1973.
·
advised that he first saw at the
Catholic Church on the night of February 28, 1973, at which
time she was armed with a weapon, possibly a shotgun. He
said he also saw her wandering around the Wounded Knee
community on about the fourth day of the occupation, at which time she was not armed. He said he does not know
what specific duties were assigned to during the
occupation.
advised that was in the initial
group of Indians
the night of February 27, 1973. advised that after he and his family had moved to the GILDERSLEEVE cabin on
the night of February 27, 1973, was in and out
of the cabin the whole night. He said that during this
time.   was armed with a rifle and he was assigned
stated that during the period he was at Wounded Knee. he observed on
many occasions and that was armed with different
weapons at different times. He said the specific assignment

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MP 176~157
and his squad had during the occupation was to
natrol and hold position at the pump house. said squad consisted of and three men.
pquad construct of the contract men.
advised that he observed in the
Catholic Church basement on the night of February 28, 1973.
He said that this is the only occasion he observed but it is his impression that she was
during her stay at Wounded Knee.
advised that he recalled seeing on
about the fourth day of the occupation at the Wounded Knee
Trading Post and subsequently observing him around the Catholic Church at one of the bunkers. He stated that he
does not recall whether or not was armed and does
not know what duties were assigned to him.
odvi od thet he was 77 at a star
advised that he recalled seeing on about the fourth day of the occupation at the Wounded Knee
Trading Post and subsequently observing him around the
Catholic Church at one of the bunkers. He stated that he does not recall whether or not was armed and does
not know what duties were assigned to him.
advised that he recalled seeing on
about the fourth or fifth day of the occupation around the Wounded Knee Trading Post. He said he recalls was
wearing a hat <u>from the Trading Post</u> . He does not recall
whether or not was armed.
about the fourth or fifth day of the occupation in the old
part of the Wounded Knee Trading Post in the company of two young women. He said he recalls that and the two
young women. He said he recalls that and the two
women were cleaning the store as if assigned to a work detail. He does not recall whether or not was armed.

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advised that he fi	irst saw
on about the rourth or fifth day of Knee around the Wounded Knee Tradin	re Post He said he also
recalls seeing on or	ne occasion talking to
	that he does not recall
I	ermed.
	•
advised that he fi	iret observed
on the third or fourth day of the	occupation at the
GILDERSLEEVE residence. He said th	nat on this occasion.
was sitting at a table dr	cawing a map of the church.
the church road, and bunker position	ons in that area. He
said that appeared at the	GILDERSLEEVE house on
numerous occasions during which timesidents therein in friendly conve	ne ne would encage the
advised that he recalled that on or	oe occasion
showed them photographs of his fami	Tv.
Francis Sanitan em 1990	
2.2.4	
advised that he repossibly two occasions, once in from	ecalled seeing on
Trading Post and once on Denby Road	said that he
does not recall whether or not	was armed.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	·
2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	
on one occasion on the pump hill by	calls seeing
recall whether or not	was armed at that time.
	was almed at that the
Among the photographs sho	own to which he
was unable to identify, were the fo	llowi <del>ng.</del>
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₩.	. Date of trans	scription	10/8/7	3
		tele	phone	
	auvised as iollows:	J,	, , ,	
	wounded knee to get some meat, specifically beef some money, either a \$10 or \$20 bill. that he obtained about five pounds of beef, belief roast, which he purchased at the Ideal Supermarke Rushville, Nebraska, which was furnished to BANKS returned to Wounded Knee.	approximate approx	im to ximately ng ave alled be a he	у
•	or medical supplies.		iscuris	
	stated that he has known DENNIS E approximately two years.	BANKS 1	for	
• .				*
		· .	-	
5 s				
-		•		•
 Interview	ved on 10/2/73 of Rapid City, South Dakota File #	MP 70	-6864	
by	CA .	0/4/73		

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Dakota.	teleph	one number was interviewed concerning
the disp Dakota, militan	ruption betwee t Ameri	of civil runctions at Wounded Knee, South n February 27, 1973, and May 8, 1973, when can Indian Movement (AIM) members took over illage of Wounded Knee by force.
	Miss	advised that
	alned l	February 27, 1973, n wounded knee until march 8, 1973. Miss ed about the disruption of civil functions ve mentioned period as follows:
	(1)	There were no mail deliveries at Wounded Knee, South Dakota;
	(2)	There were no merchandise deliveries to the Wounded Knee Trading Post;
	(3)	Law enforcement officials were not allowed into Wounded Knee and were not able to enforce infractions and violations of the law;
	(4)	There was no fire protection provided for the residents of Wounded Knee during the occupation;
	(5)	Religious ceremonies at the church of their choice were unavailable;
	(6)	Newspaper deliveries were unavailable during the period of the occupation.
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				Date of transcription 9/	25/73
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·	graphs of whom char and subse by Americ	ges have been l quent occupation	no had been arr prought as a re on of Wounded K nent (AIH) memb	was shown photested or against sult of the taked nee, South Dakotaers from February	over
٠	to identi	After viewing fy and comment	photographs, M on the followi	iss was al	ole
	a table d	on the third of RSLEEVE resider rawing a map of bunker position appeared on nute to drink coffe	or fourth day once at which ting the Catholic ons in that are smerous occasion	first observed f the occupation me he was seated Church, the churca. She said that ms at the GILDERS he occupants there	at ch c contraction
	at her hou	the first or se use or at the G	cond day of the	recalls seeing e occupation eith sidence. She adv ific concerning	Ner vised
· [	saw him of	in the initial on the night o n occasion thro She stated t	group of India f February 27, ughout that nig hat she does no	recalls seeing answho appeared a 1973, and that some street the GILDER of recall whether observed him.	she ISLEEVE
					-
Interviewed	. 9/18/7	73 Rapi	d City, South I	Dakota <sub>File #</sub> MP 17	6-157
by	SA			. 9/22/73	

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MP 176-157

Among the photographs shown she was unable to identify, were the	to Miss following		which
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,	Mrc.	
Februar Indian	y 27, l Movemen	was interviewed concerning the disruption ions at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, between 973, and May 8, 1973, when militant American t (AIM) members took over and held the village e by force.
	Mrc	advised that
<u></u>		<del> </del>
disrupt	arch 8,	ruary 27, 1973, and remained in Wounded Knee 1973. Mrs. commented about the civil functions during the above mentioned ows:
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	(1)	There were no mail deliveries to Wounded Knee, South Dakota. After about the fourth day, representatives of the United States Department of Justice were allowed into Wounded Knee and they did remove some mail from the area;
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·	(4)	There was no fire protection provided for the residents of Wounded Knee during the occupation;
	(5)	Religious cercuenies at the church of their choice were unavailable.    did lend the residents of the control on one or two occasions
	(6)	Newspaper deliveries were unavailable during the period of the occupation.
wed on 9/1	3/73	oi Rapid City, South Dakota File # MP1176-156
SA		

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as a resu	was s arrested or a It of the tak nee, South Da vement (AIM)	gainst whor eover and s kota. by me	graphs of in n charges ha subsequent o embers of th	ccupation of a American	o ght
able to i	After viewin dentify and c	g the photo	ographs, Mrs the followin	. was g individual	
among the he was residence advised t	night of the group of Ind	ians who to night of was armed	n. She said ook them hos at the G the occupati	tage and tha ILDERSLEEVE	it
a resider she did r by AIM.	Mrs. ht of Wounded not see him at	Knee, Sout	at she knows h Dakota. S nee during t	She advised t	chat
.,					
that she the Wound putting s	Mrs. ents of Wounde observed the ded Knee Tradi same in their s, she recalls	d Knee. So rem ing rost du autemobile	oving mercharing the occ	She stated andise from Supation and	§
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ed on 9/1.	3/73 c Ra	apid City,	South Dakota	a_File # MP 1	76-157

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10-302 (REV. 11-27 73)

				Date of transcription	8/24/7 <u>3</u> _	
Kne	ee, Sou	On August 16, 1973 oregard to the seize oth Dakota, on Februs Indian Movement (AI)	ire of the vilery 27, 1973.	llage of Wo	inter- unded	ъ6 ъ7
. Kne	ee Trad ee, Sou	He stated ling Post, which is lith Dakota.	located in the	village o	Wounded f Wounded	a.
	proxima	The Wounded Knee Tr ch was incorporated	rading Post is	trading pos		
of the de de de	, 0 g (111111	Sioux, Inc. has the		fficers:		
		Vice President	WILBUR RIEGE	CRT		
			CLIVE GILDER 15 per cent WILBUR A. RI 10 per cent	of stock EGERT		
Interviewed on	8/16/ SA		ty, South Dak		P 70-6885	

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The Wounded Knee Trading Post is a retail business selling general supplies plus Indian artifacts.

The Wounded Knee Trading Post is located in the village of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, on the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation.

The village of Wounded Knee is a 40 acre tract which is a corporate complex, owned by Sioux, Inc.

The Wounded Knee Trading Post is divided into the new trading post and the old trading post.

The new trading post, on the south side and east side, was built of six inch diameter log. The north side and west side was built of metal, with a metal roof. The new trading post was approximately 124 feet long by 50 feet wide.

The old trading post was a wood frame building, approximately 100 feet long and 40 feet wide.

The new trading post and old trading post were joined together at the northwest corner.

The general merchandise was stored and displayed in the new trading post.

b6 b7C

The old trading post had Indian arts and crafts, along with jewelry and miscellaneous tourist articles.

To the west of the new trading post is the museum. The museum is a log structure, approximately 50 feet long by 32 feet wide. The museum was utilized to display Indian Arts and Crafts and artifacts of historical significance. The museum housed paintings, animal heads, and traditional Indian clothing.

MP 70-6885 To the left of the old trading post was a shed utilized to store tools. This is a wood frame shed. **h6** b7C To the east of the new trading post are two wood frame sheds. These sheds were utilized as storage sheds for miscellaneous supplies. To the south of the trading post, across from the main street of Wounded Knee, are five buildings in a row. The building on the far west side is a log building known as the research and library center. To the east of the research library is the residence of CLIVE GILDERSLEEVE, a log building. TLBUR RIEGERT. residence of MARY PIKE. To the east of the MARY PIKE residence is the This is a log structure. residence of WILLIAM COLE. All of the aforementioned buildings were owned by Sioux, Inc. On February 27, 1973, at 5:30 p.m., closed down the trading post for the day.

The new trading post has three doors. The back door, or north door, was locked by him with three locks; a slide lock,

padlock, and a door lock. The two doors in the front of the

-4 MP 70-6885

new trading post were locked by him with two double bolt locks.

The old trading post had three doors, all of which were locked with double slide locks.

In addition, the doors of both trading posts were locked with two inch by four inch board locks inside the trading post.

advised his personal residence has two books, both of which were locked by door locks, plus the back door, or north door, had a sliding bolt lock.

He advised that the old trading post had Indian arts and crafts, pottery, Black Hills gold jewelry, woodwear made of walnut, agate stone jewelry, jade stone jewelry, moccasins, Indian beadwork, quill work, rawhide work, Indian made pipes, paintings, rugs, and Indian jewelry.

The new trading post carried the following merchandise:

General line of drug supplies (no perscription drugs).

General hardware and auto supplies.

Complete line of clothing with the exception of business suits.

Complete bedding supplies.

Cloth supplies (bolts of cloth).

Toys.

Complete line of groceries, magazines, packetbooks, saddles, bridles, horse blankets, ropes, bits, spurs, firearms, and ammunition.

destroyed,

lielped draw a map of the interior
layout of the new trading post and the old trading post,
which maps detail where items for sale were located.
These maps are as follows:

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New Tradina May

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Old Trading Pagibo

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MF /U-000;	<i>.</i>
prior to	He advised that the total value the breakin was approximately \$109,458.59.
	The figure of \$109,458.59 was arrived at as follows:
٠.	Cost of inventory as of end of auditory year October 31, 1973.
	Added November, December, and January sales. Deducted cost of sales gave inventory as of November 31, 1973.
	Then added purchases through February 27, 1973 to arrive at \$109,458.59.
\$777.38 to	On July 25, 1973, by check number 399, the Fall River County Treasurer, for taxes for 1972 for Sioux, Inc.
Sioux, Ind	all records relating to co., which records were all intact prior to the
the general	These records consisted of the general ledgers, al journal, and invoices. These records also rethe museum.
the armed th Knee dump	He stated that on May 9, 1973, after the ending of occupation of Wounded Knee on May 8, 1973, he general ledger and general journal in the Wounded
firearm r	He advised that all invoices were destroyed, all ecords and payroll records were destroyed.
license, e	licenses, such as sales tax license, firearm egg license, drug license, and counter-freezer license, royed.
by law to	He advised that records required maintain a list of guns and that this destroyed.

purchased the following weapons for the trading post for the years 1972 and 1973:

1994 Derringer magnum

925 Hand R Defender 5 shot, AJ 67577

949 Hand R Fortyniner

30/30 Winchester carbine - G9412

Ruger 10/22 - 111-10608

Ruger 10/22 - 111-08946

Marlin Model 99, 22 caliber

Hawes Wrangler, 22 caliber revolver, 14001/21

Ruger 10/22 - 111-86970

Ruger 10/22 - 111-27218

Ruger RDA-34, caliber 357, 150-15066

Ruger RDA-34, 150-09856

Hawes #620 pistol, 31992/2

Colt Diamond Buck 38 revolver, D4525

Ruger RDA-34, 150-19736.

410 Single shot

Mossberg Single shot, #71397284

H and R revolver, Model 925, #AJ92995

H and R revolver, Model 925, #AJ42898

Security six, .357 caliber revolver, #15035280

38 Special revolver

120 Savage Springfield rifle

30-30 Remington rifle, #032543 b7C 22 caliber Savage rifle, #P363646 22 caliber Savage rifle, #P363647 22 magnum Winchester rifle, #F34423 Ruger Super Bearcat revolver, #91-43453 Ruger Super Bearcat revolver, #91-44265 38 Special Diamond Buck Colt P-38 Lugar 300 Magnum Weatherby with scope Model 97 shotgun - Winchester 12 gauge Remington Pump shotgun - 12 gauge Winchester Model 94, 30-30 carbine, 22 Steavons automatic rifle with scope Model 92, 44-40 Winchester Model 94, 30-30 Winchester carbine advised there was no mail service during unation from February 27, 1973 to May 8, the We trading post during this period.

stated that during the Wounded Knee occupation starting with the takeover of Wounded Knee on February 27, 1973, there were no law enforcement officers in Wounded Knee to enforce violations of law.

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He stated that no fire protection was available during the Wounded Knee occupation.

No religious services were conducted during the Wounded Knee occupation, and no newspapers were delivered.

He advised that from February 27, 1973, when militants took over Wounded Knee, to May 8, 1973, when militants exited Wounded Knee, the village of Wounded Knee was constantly occupied by militants.

the Wounded Knee takeover was	general
journal, and accounts receivable as of January 31	, 1973.
all these records from the Wounded K	nee dump
on May 9, 1973, pursuant to the ending of the arm	ed con-
frontation on May 18, 1973.	
	nn 1

Linventory was physically taken He advised inventory records were mainon October 31, 1972, and tained at cost.

He stated that the Wounded Knee Trading Post accounted for sale of merchandise by utilizing computing cash registers which recorded all sales of merchandise.

The general journal was also utilized to maintain a record of sales.

He advised that on the evening of February 27. at approximately 8:30 a.m., he was advised by Sharp's Corner, South Dakota, that Wounded Knee was being ransacked.

76

The eyewitnesses to the ransacking of Wounded Knee on February 27, 1973, to the best of his knowledge, were the following:

AGNES GILDERSLEEVE

CLIVE GILDERSLEEVE

MARY PIKE
He advised that Dr. North
Dakota. is
which were in the Wounded
Knee Trading Post and museum.
the Happy Holiday Camp Ground, Box 184, Keystone Route,
Rapid City, South Dakota 57701.

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He advised the following map represented a general picture of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, and the buildings owned by Sioux, Inc.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

5	Date of transcription •	10/8/73
· · · ·	kapid Ci	b6 b70
advised that the Trading Post Wounded Knee, South Dakota, had been the name Sioux Incorporated on Novemb Pierre, South Dakota. The attorney of	at incorporated undeper 14, 1969, in	r
FLORA HOGLAND, who is now deceased.		•
		٠
nterviewed on 10/2/73 apid City, Sou	ıth Dakota MP	70-6864 b6

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mbw

10/4/73

Date dictated

(1)	Date of Ironscription August 26,
	•
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
On August 16, 197	3, was interviewed
in regard to the seizure of	Wounded Knee, South Dakota, on
February 27, 1973, by membe	rs of the American Indian Movement
(AIM).	·
She stated she is	the
Liounded	Knee Trading Post.
Frading Post.	
, ,,	South
She was the	
Dakota, from February, 1969	eliter May, 1970.
	-
	residents,
· , -	
She advised the T	Tounded Knee Trading Post is a retail
business calling general Su	applies plus Indian arts and crafts.
agnii habrunii. anr	Trading Post is divided into the ne
FILE WELLELLE LEVEL AND LAND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	Traceria root and market
trading post and the old tr	rading post.
trading post and the old tr	rading post.
trading post and the old tr	rading post.
The general merch	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian
The general merch	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.
The general merch	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.
trading post and the old trading post and the general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the research is a log structure.	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  The new trading post is the museum.  The approximately 50 feet long by
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the museum is a log structure.	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the museum is a log structure.	rading post.  nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  The new trading post is the museum.  The approximately 50 feet long by
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the museum is a log structure of the structure of the museum arts and crafts and artifactors.	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian cts of historical significance.
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the museum is a log structure of the structure of the museum arts and crafts and artifactors.	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian at of historical significance.  on February 27, 1973, at 5:30 PM,
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the The museum is a log structure of the set wide. The museum arts and crafts and artifactors and crafts and artifactors.	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian cts of historical significance.
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the museum is a log structure of the structure of the museum arts and crafts and artifactors.	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian at of historical significance.  on February 27, 1973, at 5:30 PM,
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the The museum is a log structure of the set wide. The museum arts and crafts and artifactors and crafts and artifactors.	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian at of historical significance.  on February 27, 1973, at 5:30 PM,
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the The museum is a log structure of the structure o	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian cts of historical significance.  on February 27, 1973, at 5:30 PM,  closed down the trading post
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the immediate  To the west of the structure of	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian cts of historical significance.  on February 27, 1973, at 5:30 PM,  closed down the trading post
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the immediate  To the west of the structure of	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian at of historical significance.  on February 27, 1973, at 5:30 PM,
The general merch the new trading post, while arts and crafts, jewelry, a To the immediate  To the west of the The museum is a log structure of the structure o	nandise was stored and displayed in the old trading post had Indian and miscellaneous tourist items.  north and  ne new trading post is the museum.  are approximately 50 feet long by was utilized to display Indian cts of historical significance.  on February 27, 1973, at 5:30 PM,  closed down the trading post

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Mp 70-6885

The new trading post has three doors, which were locked by her husband.

The old trading post had three doors all of which were locked by double slide locks.

In addition, the doors of both trading posts were locked with 2" by 4" board locks.

She advised her residence has two doors, both of which were locked by door locks while the north door also had a sliding bolt lock.

She advised the old trading post had Indian arts and crafts, pottery, Black Hills gold jewelry, woodware made of walnut, agate stone jewelry, jade stone jewelry, moccasins, Indian beadwork, Indian prizes, paintings, rugs, and Indian jewelry.

The new trading post carried the following merchandise:
General line of drug supplies (no prescription drugs)
General hardware, auto supplies, complete line of
clothing (no business suits), complete bedding supplies,
cloth supplies (bolts of cloth), toys, Complete line
of magazines, saddles, bridles, horse blankets, ropes,
bits, spurs, firearms, and ammunition.

She advised that there was no mail service during the Wounded Knee occupation, no newspaper service, no fire protection, and no law enforcement officers in Wounded Knee during the occupation to enforce violations of law.

She advised that from February 27, 1973, when militants took over Wounded Knee, to May 8, 1973, when militants left Wounded Knee, the village of Wounded Knee was constantly occupied by militants.
She advised that on February 27, 1973, at approximately 8:30, she and her husband were first told of the Wounded Knee ransacking by at SMARP's corner.  She advised that her current address is
She advised that her current address is South

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bγ	SA		jar	Date dictated	9/8,	b6 <u>/73</u> b70
Interviewed	on9/5/73	3o+_R6	apid City,	South Dakota	File # <u>MP 7</u>	-
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	directed	He advised to him if t	that a subp he invoices	ooena duces t s are subsequ	tecum shou wently nee	ld be ded.
	caliber Sioux, In	rifles		) () [ [ [ ] ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]		<u> </u>
	and ammu	nition to S <del>I</del>		wounded knee	South D	akota.
3 . \	City, Son	On Septembe   ports Dist uth Dakota,	r 5, 1973, ributor Cor	nnanv 734 Ma		b6 b7c Rapid us rifles
	1			Date o	of Iranscription	9/10/73
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_SA	mjs	Date dictated 9/	6/73
iewed on_9/5/73		South Dakota File # 19	P-70-6885
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to her for these	records.		
Sioux, Inc.,		ces recum should b	e directed
Sioux, Inc.			
Jewelry Manufact	uring Company. Ra	pid City, indicate ,566.75 worth of j	that
	•	of the Black Hill	<del>-</del>
has done busined	s with Sioux, Inc	Wounded Knee, S efore the Wounded	outh Dakota.
Black Hills Gold	l Jewelry Manufact	uring Company, 700 ta, advised that c	Jackson
On Ser	otember 5, 1973,		· · ·
	•	•	•
"CAPA"		Date of transcriptio	<u> August 10, 1</u>

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

<i>{</i> ?}		•	•		* * *	
			•	Date of transcrip	ion August 1	0, 197
	(m	Cardanhan E	3070 30		,	be
Sio	ux Pottery	7 and Crafts	, 1973, Mrs. . 2209 Highway	W M South E	apid City,	b'
Sou	th Dakota.	. മർന് മേർ!				. A.
EO:	the Wounde	d Knee Trac	ing Post, Wou	nded Knee, Sc	outh Dakota.	•
,	She	advised th	e account of	the Wounded B	nee Tradino	<del>j</del> ė
Pos'	t was carr	ied under S	ioux, Inc.			<b>&gt;</b>
	She	advised	has	invoices for	· all itama	
sol	d to Sloux	. Inc. and	usually sold	\$2,000 to \$3	.000 worth	
or 1	portery a	year to Sion	ux, Inc.	•		
	She	advised the	at subpoena du	ices tecum ch	od blu	
dire	ected to b	er for the r	records of Sic	oux Pottery a	nd Grafts.	
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· viewed on	9/5/73	atRap£	d Gity, South		-MP-70-688	<b></b>
· viewed on	9/5/7 <b>3</b>	<sup>o</sup> 'Rap <b>i</b>	d City, South		-MP-70-688	<b>5</b> ————————————————————————————————————

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Date of transcription March 11, 197

Dakota advised Special Agent South that he wounded Knee, South Dakota where they had been held captive by individuals in Wounded Knee for several hours on March 11, 1973. Stated that the individuals had also taken their guns and credentials and had not returned them. furnished the following signed statement:

sworn here by depose and say: I am a United
States and have been so employed
since Sept. 27, 1907. In connection my
employement I have an interest in the operation
and security of Postoffices within my Territory.
This includes the Post office at Wounded Knee,
South Dakota.

"After hearing reports from news media that road blocks and restrictions had been removed at Wounded Knee, decided to go into the area and inspect the damage to the Post office, and salvage any remaining records available. We left Rapid City at approximately 6:30 am March 11, 1972 for Wounded Knee. We drove south on Hyway 40 and went through Manderson, SD. As we approched Wounded Knee from Manderson we observed a sand bag blockade on the left. This was about 1/4 mi or less from the Catholic Church. 3 Indian Hales were at this Blockade and they signalled us to stop as we approached. The were armed, I with a shotgun, I with a rifle, and the third with a small pistol. These weapons were directed at our vehicle as we pulled to a stop

Interviewed on 3/11/73	ot Pine Ridge, South Dakotarile#	70-6846:-
by.SA	Dote dictated	3/11/73

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"I was driving, and the male with the pistol approached the car from my side. I rolled down the window, and showed him my credentials. stated that our only purpose was to check the post office, to salvage what records were available and to see what needed to be done to restore service. He directed us to park our car on the left in front of the barricade and said he would go get someone We moved the car who would take us into the town. as directed and he left. A minute or 2 later the male, I believe holding the rifle directed us to get out of the car, and keep our hands in sight. did this. While waiting for the other to return we told these 2 that we would like to be permitted to turn our car around and leave. They refused this request. About 10 min later the male holding the pistol returned. I again asked that we be permitted to leave. He stated that some one was coming to escort us in and said in effect that we would have to go in. A few minutes later a vehicle, 1964 Chev. white 4 door. Arrived carrying 2 Indian males. They were also armed. They then put their vehicle into position behind ours and we were directed to proceed slowly into the town.

"We drove then to the front of the Museum and were directed to park there and get While still in the car asked to lock his camera in the glove box and I suggested everyone lock their doors upon getting out. We were then escorted to the entrance of the Museum and told to remove our coats there. We then went inside and were instructed to sit at a bench in the middle of the hall. Caucasion, about 25-30 yrs of age appeared to be in charge at this point and there were 3 or 4 others also armed inside. I would describe the Caucasion as about 5'6" tall. Medium build, sandy hair, mustache. We were told to remove At this point everything from our pockets. advised them that we were

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carrying weapons. Removed his revolver, and placed it on the counter and then we all followed, individually at their

leave.

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"I have read the above statement consisting of this page and four other pages, and swear to the best of my ability that the statements contained herein are accurate and true.

allowed to proceed one at a time to my car and

	•
	./s/
	March 11, 1973
"Witnessed:	
s.Ā.	FBI, L.A.
SA	FBI, LA 3/11/73"

described the individuals that they first the roadblock as follows: Male Number One . Armed with a Pistol Male Sex Indian Race Light Skin Medium length Hair 20-25 years old Age 51811 Height Thin Build Sharp Features Lean Face Hawk Nose Fatigue: jacket and jeans ... Dress Male Number Two Armed with a Shotgun Male Sex Indian Race Heavy Build 5 10 11 Height Long, styled Indian Hair Fatigue jacket and jeans Dress Male Number Three Armed with a Rifle Male Sex Indian Race 5'10" Height Full. Face Long Hair described the Male Caucasian that he encountered at the church as follows: Caucasian Race

Sex

Age

Height

Male

51811

25-30

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Build

Hair Reddish brown Dress Black hat with a feather in it Fatigue jacket and jeans. also advised that he observed a Male Indian carrying an automatic weapon with a banana clip. He stated that he did not know the make of gun but that it looked familiar. advised that there were numerous newsmen and photographers all over the Wounded Knee area and that they took numerous pictures of the hostages but were not allowed to talk to them. . among his possessions that are missing are credentials, his revolver and a wallet containing approximately \$100.00 in cash, a Standard Oil Credit Card, a Dank of American card, his driver's license, Civil Defense card and possibly an Apco credit card; observed numerous photographs of individuals who may possibly be at Wounded Knee and stated that the only han recognized was an individual named .who may have been at the church with SHOUZUH.

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3/30/73

_			~
Date	of	transcription	

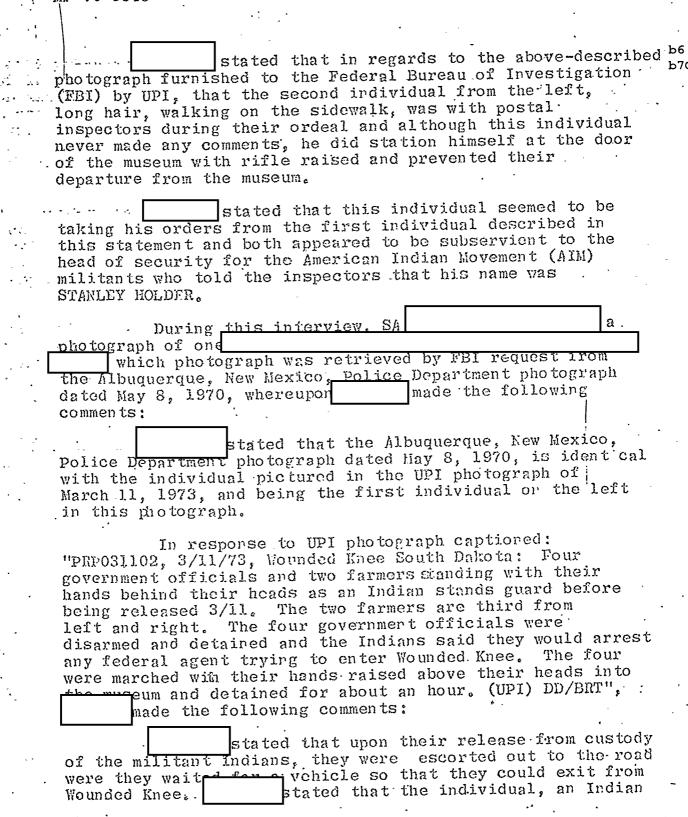
United States Post Office, Aberdeen, 3.17733 South Darotz telephone number 225-0250, Extension 259, home telephone Rapid City Office number 348-0462, -qur-inch blue steel Smith and Wesson, serial examined mumber .... as being the gun that was stolen from him on March 11, 1973, at Wounded Knee, South Dakota. He stated that although this was his gun, he noted that the grips were not damaged at the time it was taken from him. He furnished a copy of the memorandum he prepared on March 23; 1973, and a letter sent out to all law enforcement officers on March 12, 1973, relating to the incident on the theft of . his gun which is page two and three of this FD-302.

stated that he had previously furnished information on the theft of his gun to Special Agents
Los Angeles, and
Angeles, on March 11, 1973.

and he stated he is reasonably certain these five individuals were not identical to the Indians who stole his gun.

Interviewed on 3/27/73 | South Dakota File # MP 70-6846-

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male, located or the left-hand portion of the above-captioned photograph, is the individual who maintained a guard over himself and the other postal inspectors until their vehicle arrived. stated that this individual did not appear to be in a command position but appeared to be until such time as their vehicle did arrive.

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Dale of transcription 8/10/73

	Service, advised he has reviewed his statement provided to the FBI on March 11, 1973, and stated it is a detailed narrative of the events which occurred. He advised he was unable to make any notes or logs while in Wounded Knee, South Dakota, inasmuch as all his personal effects were taken from him. He said he would like to add only one item that he apparently failed to mintion in his previous statement.    advised   advised   advised   American 11, 1973, were taken to the mascum in Vounded Knee. Outside of the museum   wore told to take their coats off and enter the museum and to empty all their personal effects on the glass counter top. As he was entering the museum, someone from Enhine him asked for the car keys.   said he then twend around and hemsed the keys to a person whose identity he later determined to be LEOMARD CROW DOG.
:5   -	by two unknown men, left the ruseum and went outcide.  After approximately 10 to 15 relutes, Caon Bus returned and resumed lecturing them about being armed and as to why show would come into Wounded Ruse, South Daketa. He said beneated to be supervising the grand on the said while Chow Book and catalda his hands were forced to face the wall until they were taken from the museum and taken to the roseblock and released. He said after Caol Bus returned conscious the car, a voice (nossibly that of a constained that the notebook contained only personal notes along as various people at various agencies with them he has had contact and contained no Covernment documents. He said he found this same notebook in the car after being released.
,	o Rapid City, South Dakota File # MP 70-6846
by	SA SA Date dictoled 8/7/73

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MP 70-6846

also pointed out that his issued side-arm, a Smith and Weston revolver, serial number was taken from a briefcase kept in the trunk of the car on March II, 1973. He said he has thoroughly checked the briefcase and is able to account for all the items kept in that briefcase. advised that the above addition to his previous interview completely describes what occurred to him at Wounded Knee, South Dekota, on March II, 1973. He said should he be called to testify, he would be able to produce the necessary documents or testimenies relating to the Post Office at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, as well as the legal papers for his position.

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FD-302 (REV. 11-27-70)

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

the following invoruation:

11/8/73

provided

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Date of transcription\_

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ewed on	11/8/73		or Rapid	City, S	louth Da	i <b>kota</b> File #	MP 70-68	46



In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 70-6882

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

392 Federal Building U.S. Court House 110 South Fourth Street Minneapolis, Minnesota, 55401

November 13, 1973

Honorable William F. Clayton U.S. Attorney Federal Building Sioux Falls, South Dakota, 57102

Re: Russell Charles Means
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary & Larceny;
Anti-Riot Laws - Impeding Federal Officers;
Assaulting Federal Officers; Conspiracy;
Unlawful Possession of Firearms

Dear Sir:

Enclosed are three (3) reports entitled, "Russell Charles Means", which pertain specifically to the "civil disorder" elements of the Wounded Knee occupation by members of the American Indian Movement.

Three reports, rather than one, are being forwarded to your office for reference in the event simultaneous trials are conducted in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, and St. Paul, Minnesota.

At a future date copies of the same report will be forwarded to your office for the files of Dennis Banks, Clyde Bellecourt, Carter Camp, Leonard Crow Dog and Stanley Holder.

Very truly yours,

Addressee (Encs. - 3)
Minneapolis (70-6882)
rmd

Encs. - 3

Joseph H. Trimbach Special Agent in Charge ь6 b7С

70-6852-635

### FBI

			Date: <b>11</b>	./9/73	1
Transı	mit the following	in	PLA INTEXT		
			(Type in plaintext or	code)	004
Via _	TELETY PE	<u>u</u>	IRGENT (Priorit	γ)	
		AND RAPID CITY	COMMAND POST	TAND GENERAL O	CRIME UNIT
	FROM:	SAC, MINNEAPOLI	S (70-6882)	(P)	
	RUSSELL M	EANS, CIR - ARL;	IFO - CONSPI	RACY; ET AL.	
	RE M	INNEAPOLIS TELET	YPE TO BUREAU	, 11/6/73.	
	DEPA	RTMENTAL ATTORNE	<b>Y</b> S		
		Сн	IIEF OF GENERA	L CRIME SECTION	ON. DEPARTMENT
	OF JUSTIC	 E, APPEARED IN T			•
		ey were optimist			
		•		Г	TE FILED 5.
	NICHOLS W	OULD MODIFY HIS	ORDER REGARD I	.NG A NEED TO	
	TO DEFENS	E COUNSEL. THEY	FELT THAT TH	E DEMAND IS T	IME-CONSUMING,
	DOES NOT	CONCERN			AND
	THAT THER	E IS PROBABLY NO	PRECEDENT FO	R AN ORDER OF	THIS
i.	MAGN ITUDE	. THEY INDICATE	D THAT THEY A	GREED THAT JUI	OGE NICHOLS'
	ORDER REG	ARDING DISCLOSUR	LE OF INFORMAN	T INFORMATION	WAS
	EXCESS IVE	LY BROAD, AND TH	IIS MATTER WOU	ILD BE CONSIDEI	RED BY THE
	~	•		·") _	636
		apolis (70-6882) 70-6832-SUB P)	ı	ra=:	The same and the s
<u> </u>	RWG:wkb	10-0632-BUB P)	WA	4:35p	
4	Approved:	Hr.	Sent RCCP	4:30 pM Per	1
		pecial Agent in Charge		U.S.Government Printing	Office: 1972 — 455-574

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FD-36	(Rev.	5-22-64
	9	

#### FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in		[ ]
Transmit the following in	(Type in plaintext or code)	
Via		
	(Priority)	į

MP 70-6882

PAGE TWO

DEPARTMENT TO DETERMINE IF THEY COULD AID USA WILLIAM F. CLAYTON IN OBTAINING A CLARIFICATION BY THE COURT AND FURTHER CLARIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

THEY ANTICIPATED THAT THEY, OR A MEMBER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, WOULD CONTACT USA WILLIAM F. CLAYTON OR AUSA RICHARD D. HURD ON OR SHORTLY AFTER NOVEMBER 12, 1973, REQUESTING CLARIFICATION OF THE ORDERS BY JUDGE, U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

END.

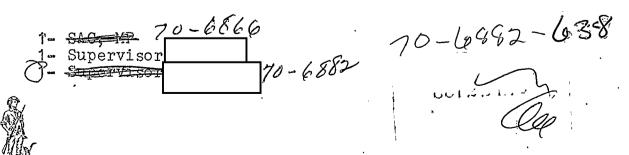
Approved:	SentM	Per
0 . 1		

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1822 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

ro :	SAC, MP	DATE:	10/23/73
FROM :	SA		
вивјест:	RUSSELL MEANS CLYDE BELLECOURT Info Concerning Travels State Radio, S.D. called this office, 5:40am to adv	vise the	following:
	At 4:40am (MDT) Means and Bellecoutruck stop north of Sioux Falls S.D. twe re in a '67 cream and green cadilla Pontiac. There were five individuals	ravellin c and a	g East. They 173 Maroon
	At 5:25(MDT) this am, Newcastle, W 20-25 AIM people had just left Lusk, W Interstate 20. They were in two cars of the cars had Arizona license, the o and no license was obtained on the pictolor. advised no # license obtained on the MEANS and BELLECOURT v	yo. east and a pi ther Cal kup whic informat	bound on ckup. One ifornia license h was blue in
s	stated he had provided the Pine Ridge P. D.	nis infor	mation to

b6 b7C



OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1982 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

то	:SAC, MINN	EAPOLIS	(70-6882)	(P)	D	ATE: 10/31/73	
FROM	:S/						
subject	T:FBI LEADS	ļ	r				
	dated 8/2	Re memo: 24/73.	orandum of		to SA JOHN	N E. MC CARTY - 3	FBI,
		<u> On 9/12</u>	27. 10/11.	19/73. attem	pts to contact	t SALLY South Dak	ota,
•	met with	negative	results.				
	. <u>LEAD</u> MINN	EAPOLIS					
	***************************************		E RIDGE, SOU	JTH DAKOTA			
		Will co	ntinue effc	orts to locate	e and intervieuth Dakota.	ew SALLY	
					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
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Г				\ <u></u>		71-6603-	637
	Minne klk <b>K</b>	eapolis				<u></u>	

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularl

b6 b7C

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Marial	
FD-306 (Rev. 9-30-69)	
•	Date prepared
	10/27/73
Date received Received from (name or symbol number)	Received by
10/22/73	SA b
Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)	b
in person y by telephone by mail orally	recording device written by Informant
If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  Date	Date of Report
	. 10/27/73
Dictatedtoto	Date(s) of activity
	. , ,
Transcribed	· .
Authenticated by Informant	
Brief description of activity or material	
	_
<u> </u>	File where original is located if not attached
•	<u> </u>
* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.	A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE.
Information recorded on a card index by	on date•
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EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE UTILIZED IN AND APPROPRIATE PRARPHRASING SHOULD BE UTILI	ZED IN ORDER NOT TO EXPOSE
SOURCE.	Constitution of the Consti
	•
6-Minneapolis	
•	
(1-157-2039) (BISSONETTE) (1-157-3345)	
70 (1-157-6882) (RUSSELL MEANS)	•
(1-89-176)	
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·	6882-640
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	OCT 2 9 1973
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Source advised that there were about 40 cars which participated in the automobile caravan from Rapid City to Pine Ridge on Sunday afternoon, 10/21/73, transporting BISSONETTE's body from the Rapid City funeral home, which was peaceful.

Source advised	]
Source advised	
Source further stated	
,	
MEANS continued to advise	

On the afternoon of 10/21/73, source was present at the residence of PEDRO BISSONETTE's mother, one mile north of Pine Ridge, South Dakota.

Source advised that he observed about 250 male and female Indian individuals at the residence of PEDRO's mother where BISSONETTE's body was displayed in a recently constructed teepee. Source advised that the residence is located about 300 vards away from the highway. Source advised

Source advised

Source advised that he observed a white male individual present who appeared to be in the company of five other male Indians, one Indian male being described as about 6'4", 240 pounds. Source described the white male as being 6', 170 pounds, light sunglasses, long black hair.

b7D

Source stated that upon leaving around sundown, there were about 50 people behind at the funeral. Source advised that he did not observe any bunkers or guns while he was there.

Source advised that everything was peaceful and quiet while he was there.

	al					
		Da	ate prepare			
			10,	/25/73		
Date received 10/25/73	ymbol numb	er) R	S/			
Method of delivery (check appropriate blo						1 T C
in person by telephone If orally furnished and reduced to writing	by Agant:	orally		ling device of Report	writ	ten by Informan
Date	by Agent.		Date	Of Itopola		
Dictated 10/25/73		<u> </u>	Date	10/25/73 (s) of activity		
L_			Date	(S) OI activity	У	
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Brief description of activity or material	7					
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* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN AS VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIV	TERISK (*) ONLY	ATTENDED A ME	ETING AN	D DID NOT	ACTIVELY	PARTICIPATE
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IP 157-2364

Correspondent and the contract of the contract	b6 b7C
	b7D

Course adviced that the Counded Mace Legal Defence/Offence Countities in planning very soon to file a complaint against the United States Attorney Villian Clayton on charges of hindering the American Indian Movement's (AMI) legal defence, haracament, and other charges. Source further adviced that the complaint also involves something about "illegal tribal orders."

Source was unable to obtain any additional information concerning future plans or tactics to be utilized by AUI concerning MERO DISCOURTED hilling.

## 4 KILLED SINCE WOUNDED KNEE, MEANS SAYS

# Indian Groups to Seek Peace in S.D.

TULSA (AP) — Three Indian groups will meet to seek an end to hostilities in South Dakota, the national director of the American Indian Movement (AIM) said Tues-

Dennis Banks said officials of the National Tribal Council Association and the National Congress of American Indians will meet within 30 days.

BANKS AND Russella Means, a former AIM director, spoke at a news conference in connection , with their trip to the annual convention of the National Congress of American Indians to seek helpin the South Dakota controversy.

"Repression of the federal governmenthas reached the point of assassination," Means said. Since the end of the Wounded Knee occupation, Means said, four persons associated with AIM have been killed in South Dakota and others live in fear of their lives.

He blamed Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) policemen for two of the deaths. The other two have not been investigated by the bureau, he said.

"IF THIS country does not forcefully deal with



the oppression in South Dakota and with the BIA and the Justice Depart-



cism of the FBI for condit tions in South Dakota. "We are seeing outright

Reservation," he said. "The FBI is trying to kill every member of the AIM! central committee. They don't know who they are so they are taking random

murder on the Pine Ridge

"When Wounded Knee ended," Banks said, "we laid down a lot of weapons and those weapons are still close by. Unless something is done now, the weapons will never again be laid down by

Xerry ec: 1.70-6864 7 Borber 1-157-846 7 Borber 1-157-1460 7 Means 1-157-1460

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

13 St. Pul Dispatch -St. Paul, Minn.

Date: Oct. 31, 1973 Edition: Evening

Editor: H.G. Burnham Jr. Title: AIM

Character:

Classification: 157-1458

Submitting Office: Minneapolis

Being Investigated

SFARCHED.

SAC,	MINNEAPOLIS	(157-1825)

10/25/73

SAC, OMAHA (157-1871) (RUC)

EM - AIM

00: MINNEAPOLIS

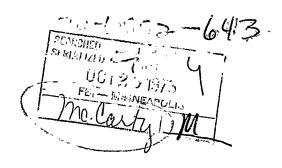
Re Minneapolis letter to Omaha dated 9/26/73, and enclosures therein.

Op 10/15/73, a review was made of enclosed FD-302 of SA dated 2/22/73.

In	addition,		f enclosed	
of one		Sher	iff's Offic	e, Pennington
County. South	Dakota		was made b	y SÁ
			4	

After reviewing the photo carefully, it was ascertained by SA that this is not the same individual that identified himself to SA and SA on 2/22/73 at Mother Butler's Community Center, 211 West Boulevard North, Rapid City, South Dakota.

3- Minneapolis (2 - 157-1825) (1 - 70-6882) 1 - Omaha CPS:dds (4)



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## *1emorandum*

:SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882) (P) TO

DATE: 11/9/73

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FROM :SA TRENWITH S. BASFORD

SUBJECT:RUSSELL MEANS CIR-ARL

Re Minneapolis teletype to Bureau, 11/6/73.

On 11/8/73, Office of Legal Counsel, FBI, advised SA TRENWITH S. BASFORD that in his opinion the request of USA WILLIAM F CLAYTON Sions Falls. South Dakota, for and without legal precedent. He considers these records to be of an administrative nature, they do not concern defendants' and he believes that if properly pursued by the USA with U. S. District Court Judge NICHOLS, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, that Judge NICHOLS would be apt to modify his order.

He stated that at this stage there was no intent on the part of his office to take up the matter with personnel of the office of CARL W. BELCHER, Chief, General Crime Section, U. S. Department of Justice.

Minneapolis (1 - 70 - 6832 - SUB P)TSB:wkb





Airtel

Airmail

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
(Attention: Office of Legal Counsel and General Crimes Unit)
TOTAL SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-5032) (P)

Subject: RUSSELL CHÂRLES MEANS

CIR - DURGLARY AND LARGENY;

ARL: AFO; UPOF

Ee Bureau airtel to Minneapolis, dated 11/9/73; Minneapolis airtel to Bureau, dated 11/15/73; and Minneapolis airtel to Bureau, dated 11/16/73.

from Minneapolis, Minneapta, appeared before the Federal Grand Jury control at Sioux Falls, South Dakota. He was submensed to testify before the Grand Jury concerning

refusal to testify was referred to U.S. District Judge FRED J. NICHOL in his private chambers and released his documents to the Judge for his examination. The Judge ruled that these documents were not private or privileged communications and ordered to produce them before the Grand Jury.

3 - Bureau
Hinneapolic
(1 - 70-6832 Sub P)
(1 - SA BALTORD, MP)
EWG: with

Serialized Indexed Filed

70-6117-646

b3 b6 b7C IP 70-3882

reappeared before the Grand Jury and again refused to testify concerning the documents or to allow
the Grand Jury to read then. He stated before the Grand Jury that he folt the Grand Jury had been called for

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The Grand Jury voted in contempt and Judge NICHOL set a contempt hearing for his court on 11/21/73.

The Bureau vill be kept advised of pertinent developments.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

		•	
REPORTING OFFICE OFFICE OF O MINNEAPOLIS MINNEAPO		3/24 - 11/9/73	
TITLE OF CASE  RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS, aka Russ Means	ARL -	F CASE  BURGLARY AND LARCENY;	TYPED BY mjs b6 b7C
REFERENCES			
Minneapolis report o	f SA	dated 11/13/73.	

San Francisco letter to Minneapolis, dated 10/19/73.

Washington Field Office letter to Minneapolis, dated 10/19/73.

#### •

ADMINISTRATIVE

It is noted USA, WILLIAM F. CLAYTON, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, recently requested previous FBI reports be referenced in the first paragraph of details for the assistance of his office.

	ACC	COMPLISHMEN	S CLAIMED	[X] NO	NE	ACQUIT-	CASE HAS BEEN	l <b>:</b>		
CONVIC.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECO	VERIES	TALS	PENDING OVER PENDING PROSI OVER SIX MO	ECUTION		∑ио  Дио
APPROVED	L		SPECIAL A			DO N	OT WRITE IN SP	ACES BEL	ΟW	•
1 - US 1 - De 1 - Ol 1 - Ph	areau (176 A, Sioux enver (INF clahoma Ci noenix (1	Falls, Sou O)						,		. 15
Agency Request Rec Date Fwd. How Fwd.		Record of Att	ached Report		Notatio	ns	Milog Tugasa Baligis distant	9.115	30 ·	

COVĒR PĀGE

70-6882-647

MP 70-6832

It is also noted the period of investigation of this report overlaps that of the previous report inasmuch as information contained herein was not available for insert into the report dated 11/13/73; or said information was previously reported in MP 89-149, Bureau file 89-2550, or MP 70-6832, Bureau file 70-58443.

#### LEADS

#### DENVER

#### AT DENVER, COLORADO

An information copy of this report is being forwarded Denver in view of their interest in RUSSELL MEANS and AIM leaders.

#### OKLAHOMA CITY

#### AT OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

An information copy of this report is being forwarded Oklahoma City in view of their interest in RUSSELL MEANS and AIM leaders.

#### PHOENIX

#### AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA

An information copy of this report is being forwarded Phoenix in view of their interest in RUSSELL MEANS and AIM leaders.

#### MINNEAPOLIS

#### AT RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA

Will, through AUSA, District of South Dakota, follow prosecution of RUSSELL MEANS.

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:	1		USA,	Sioux	Falls,	South	Dakota
----------	---	--	------	-------	--------	-------	--------

Report of:

November 16, 1973

Office: Minneapolis, Minnesota

b6 b7С

Field Office File #:

70-6882

Bureau File #:

176-2401

Title:

RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS

Character:

CRIME ON INDIAN RESERVATION - BURGLARY AND LARCENY;

ANTIRIOT LAWS - IMPEDING FEDERAL OFFICERS; ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICERS; CONSPIRACY;

XSVXopsis:

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FIREARMS

Synopsis:

Official, USDC, advised the trial of RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS is scheduled for 1/8/74 in St. Paul, Minnesota. ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

.. то ..

DETAILS

Reference is made to the investigative report of Special Agent (SA) dated May 18, 1973; and the reports of SA dated August 3, 1973, September 19, 1973, October 20, 1973, and November 13, 1973.

Montana was stopped at a road block as she was Leaving Wounded Ince, Bouth Dahota. She was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent, the purpose of the interview and was provided with a copy of an advice of rights form which she executed by signing. dvised that the and traveled to Billings, Montana on or about March 5, 1975, and to Pine Ridge, Couth Dakota, around March 6, 1979. They stayed with Mrs. DEAR AUGUER at Pine Ridge for a few days and later when the road blocks to Vounded Enge were lifted around March 8, 1973, Mrs. DEAR and she went to Vounded Mnee. Realities. stated she stayed at a residence in Wounded Tace abandened by its owners with four Oglala Indian males. claimed she did not know their names nor the names of any other Indians at Wounded Mace. further claimed she did not accorate with the American Indian Movement (AIM) Indians or attend their moetings but knows kullely maked by sight. she saw Indians with weapons and was Trightened during the shooting, and wanted to come out of Wounded Hace sometime and butwas alraid of being arrested. provided no information regarding AIM's intentions, identity of AIM members or their fire power notential. The following background and description data was obtained through interview and observation: Nama Maidee name Date of birth Pine Ridge Reservation, 3/24/73 MP #70-600210 Louth Dakota SA cument contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

\_

Place of birth Canada Noight Weight 210# Hair Black Eyes Social Security # Montana Driver's License Husband Lon tana Children Vehicle Address ໂໄວກ ເດກີດ Occupation Montana Claims no arrests Prior arrests JOIN DEAR North Dattleford, Baskatelewan, Canada Female Sex

b7C

MP 70-6882

On June 24, 1973, Special Agent
was present at the cemetary at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, and
was approached by an individual who identified himself as
BOYD BOSMA. BOSMA advised he was the Assistant Director,
Center for Human Relations, National Education Association, 1201
16th Street Northwest, Washington, D.C., and resided in Alexandria,
Virginia.

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BOSMA stated he was led into the village of Wounded Knee during the occupation of said village by the American Indian Movement (AIM) from the period February 27, 1973, through May 8, 1973, by LEONARD CROW DOG. BOSMA advised that he stayed inside the village of Wounded Knee for several days and participated in negotiations between AIM leaders RUSSELL MEANS and DENNIS BANKS with U.S. Department of Justice officials.

While at the cemetary at Wounded Knee, BOSMA was boasting to the tourists who were gathered at the cemetary about his (BOSMA's) participation in the armed takeover of Wounded Knee.

BOSMA was observed by Special Agent to be driving a 1970 or 1971 Ford Econo-Line van, maroon in color, bearing 1973 Virginia license tag DGS 584. BOSMA advised he was en route to Portland, Oregon, to attend the National Education Association Convention in Portland.

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

	Date of transcription October 3, 1973
•	b6
	Minnesota, advised as rollows:
	He is a Chippewa Indian but he was North Dakota, on a Sioux Indian reservation.  active in the American Indian Movement (AIM) however, he has become disenchanted with AIM because of individuals who have assumed positions of leadership, particularly RUSSELL MEANS, DENNIS BANKS, CLYDE BELLECOURT, and CARTER CAMP.
	He, was never at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, during the seventy-one day seige by AIM, but instead was in Gregon. does not feel that the take-over at Wounded Knee helped the Indian Movement, in fact, did more harm than good, because the public in general is down on Indian people now because of the take-over. MEANS, BANKS, BELLECOURT, and CAMP are using activity of AIM to forward their own personal gain. It is his understanding at this time that there is a power struggle within AIM. It is his experience that Indians cannot get along with one another, and Indians do not trust one another.
-	does not know who shot the FBI Agent or the U. S. Marshal at Wounded Knee.
	In April of 1972 and several other AIM members North Dakota,
	loes not feel that he accomplished anything for the Chippewa Indians or anyone else with
l	Sioux Indians for the Chippewa Indians. Historically, these two tribes have fought for generations.
•	s no longer an AIM member. He knows of no demonstration or take-over planned by AIM.
	BANKS and    Hinnesota, during an Alm meeting in 1972, BANKS     at a time when   was practicing
Intervie	Minnesota
bу	SA WGW: med

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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BANKS and challenged BAN There was a standoff for lowered his pistol and l	pointed the bow and arrow at KS to pull the trigger of the pistol. a few minutes and BANKS eventually aughed and made the statement something s funny how Indians treated each other. current whereabouts of MEANS, BANKS,
Although not trust him completely	is Chippewa Indian, other Indians do because
does	not desire to live on an Indian reser-
vation but feels he show a living for his family. opportunities on an Indi	Id seek employment elsewhere and make He does not feel there are ample an reservation.

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

		10/10/72	
		Date of transcription 10/19/73	6
		1 a a	ю 7С
	subsequent to the identification of	the interviewing Agents,	
	furnished the following information	•	
	Dakota on March II, 1973, the day to Investigation (FBI) Agents were shown the did not leave Wounded Knee, South 1973	as in Wounded Knee, South hat the Federal Bureau of t. According to h Dakota, during the entire ted that in the early p.m.	
	house on March 11 19/3 he persona	IIA Observed fillee Individuals	
	in the W-haul van in Wounded Knee.	South Dakota, and identified	
	them as	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	. advised that he k	new	
•			
	advised that he intormed the thi on	was	
-	viewing a photograph of		
	presently in Wounded Knee, South Da	ROCA.	
	were taken by United Press Internat	cograph as being	
	went on to state only as and that he was point first few days of the AIM takeover while inside the Wounded Knee Tradi	that he knew this individual inted out to him during the at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, ing Post.	
	a day or two later a Agent, that the three individuals t	nad had a conversation with after the shooting of the FBI	
	the shooting of the FBI Agent.	•	
		•	
	•		
		•-	
		MD 00 1/2	
Inter	viewed on 10/11/73	South Dakota <sub>File #</sub> MP 89-143	
	SAs		
by_		I *	

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency. -9-

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Mrs.	O IV- Told	- and are no Accord	South Dakota	ь6 ь7с
subsequent to the identifi following information:	cation of the Int	cerviewing Agen	os, fullitailed bito	
was aga	in inte <u>rviewed co</u>	oncerning the sl	nooting incident	:
of SA CURTIS A. FITZGERALD Wounded Knee, South Dakota	and SA	on Marci	n 11, 1973, at	
purposes which consisted o	own a spread of pl	notographs for	identification	•
purposes which consisted o	JI UIIC TOLLOWING			A**
l. Dated May 14	<b>↓,</b> 1973		•	-
2.			•	•
Thurston Cou	unty Sheriff's Of			•
3. Pennington (	County Sheriff's	Office		
				•
4.				
5. Halmut Crook	K Police Departme	ont.		
wainut cree.	Torree Repair one	`		
6.				
7.				
	Texas		·	
	HARD HOLDER			
Date of Bir			mand of photograph	e
It shou <u>ld be no</u> were displayed to	oted that this sai on July 27, 19	73, by SA	read of photograph	<u> </u>
10/17/73	Son	uth Dakota	Minneapolis 89-1	43

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

-10-

المالية المالية	46 ma	dentified a photograph of	
at which	time positively i iver of the U-Haul van. D	dentified a photograph of again v	iewed
the photo		at which time she reiterated the fac	
that	was the name of thi	s individual and was the same individu	al
		f the U-Haul van on the day that the F	BI
Agent was		o state that was not wearing ad a slight growth of beard.	
	on <del>_ advised t</del> hat	was not wearing a straw hat, but a b	lack
rimmed ha	t. was snown a s	pread of photographs for identification	n
purposes	which consisted of the fol	lowing:	
	Pennington County Sheriff	's Office	
• •		,	
_			
-			
			. •
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-		7	
			i
	Pennington County Sheriff	Vs Office	
F	Telmington dounty bheili	8 011100	
	Rapid City Police Departs	nent	
		·	
•			
Ç.		, '	•
· ,			
		6	
			•
	PEDRO BISSONETTE	·	
•	June 2, 1971		
<b>,</b> *	· 		
		•	

b6 b7С MP 89-143

upon viewing all of these photographs, advised that she was not acquainted with any of these individuals. At this time, a photograph was removed from this spread, depicting Rapid City

Police Departmen and was specifically asked if this was the individual that she had seen at the driver's seat of the U-Haul van on March 11, 1973.

advised that is unknown to her and was not the individual seen in the U-Haul van and further added she had never seen this individual in the van.

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	of tennessinting	$T_{\alpha}$	/ 20/	ノノン

10/26/73

٠.			•	South	b6
•	Dakota, subs Viewing Agen	equent to the i	dentificati he followin	on of inter-	ь7С
:· 	sonally opse	reiterated rved an individ	<u>lual kn</u> own o	at she had per- nly to her as cupants in the	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	U-Haul van o of FBI Agent	n March 11, 197 s.	73, moments	after the shooti	ng
•	tographs whi	was subsequence consisted of	ently shown the follow	a spread of phoing:	•
:	1.	Dated May 14,	1973		
		Thurston Cour	ty Sheriff'	s Office	
	1 (2) 1 (1) (1) (1) (2)	Pennington Co	Sherif	f's Office	
	4.		<b>-</b> . ; /		
,	5.	Walnut Creek	Police Depa	 rtment	
•	6.				
	7.		l'exas		
, or	10/25/73	.,Wounded Kr	nee, South I	)akota <sub>filo #</sub> MP 89-	143

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of SI. It is the property of the F81 and is looned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency -13-

8.	STANLEY RICHARD HOLDER Date of Birth: April 2	20, 1950
9•	Pennington County Sheri Office Number	iff's
10.	-	
11.	·,	
12.		
13.		
14.	Pennington County Sheri	.ff's
s	· Office Number	
15.	Office Number  South Dakot Police Department Number	
15.	South Dakot	
	South Dakot	
16.	South Dakot	
16.	South Dakot	
16. 17. 18.	South Dakot Police Department Number	

MP 89-143 after viewing these photographs advised PEDRO BISSONETTE. that she knew In addition. advised resembled the that a photograph of driver of the U-Haul van very much. The photograph was removed and specifically asked if she had observed this individual in the U-Haul van to which she replied "That is not the I know and he was not in the U-Haul van." were Photographswas specifically asked if she had removed and observed these individuals in the U-Haul van, to which she replied that she did not. at this time was shown 53 photographs of individuals present at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, on March 9, 1973, and removed Photograph and and advised that the male Indian depicted in this protograph very much. resembled advised that ETHYL MERRIVAL and South Dakota, were present at

the teepee at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, when the U-Haul

van returned.

b7C

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

On a Character	10/	/8	/73
Date of transcription.	70/	U,	/ / ->

Mr. CLIVE GILDERSLEEVE, presently residing Rushville, Nebraska, telephone 308-327-2713, was telephonically contacted and advised that he has in his possession a South Dakota title for a vehicle formerly owned by him, a Dodge Polara, 1970 custom four door, title number Z58471, dated April 2, 1971, Vehicle Identification Number DM41L0D109144.

Mr. GILDERSLEEVE was advised to maintain custody of this title as it will be needed as evidence at a future date when subjects are tried in United States District Court.

| Rushville, Nebraska | File # MP 70-6864 | b6 b7c | SA | Dote dictated | Dote

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

MP 70-6882

On November 9, 1973, Mrs.

United States District Court, District of South Dakota, advised the matter of RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS is scheduled for trial on January 8, 1974, at St. Paul, Minnesota. Mrs. advised a charge of venue was granted by Chief Judge FRED NICHOL, District of South Dakota

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ILONOTATE OUTENMENT

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SAC, HIMMEAPOLIS (70-6881) (F) DATE: 11/15/73 SA TARMITH S. BASFORD HINESEUT: RUSSYLL CHARLES MEANS CIR - BUKGLARY; LARCENY; ANL; AFO; UPOF OU: MINNEAPOLIS The writer has been advised that on November 9, 1973, located at Minneapolis In addition will be taken to Aspid City by Movember 16, 1973.

[] - Minneapolis (1 - 70-6832 Sub P) (7 TER: ENR



Bay U.J. İsvings Bonds Kezdiosiy on

70-6882-64

TX r.g. stationing

12 Heply, Places Before 12 Heply, Places Before 12 No. 70–6882

Movember 15, 1973

Honorable William F. Clayton United States Attorney Federal Building Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57101

Attention: Assistant U, S. Attorney Richard D, Murd

Dear Sira

RE: RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS
CRIME ON INDIAN RESERVATION—
BURGLARY; LARCENY;
ANTIRIOT LAWS; ASSAULTING
A FEDERAL OFFICER; UNLAWFUL
1055E55ION OF FIREARMS

Maference is made to your letter of November regarding the production of to the U. S. Court of South Dakota.	8, 1973, District
We are, at the present time, possession and attempting to assemble them in a logical in addition, we are convassing the numerous Agents who sat Wounded Whee to determine if they have any knowledge the present location, destruction, etc.,	massam D

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I W	rish to again reiterate that these	wite
anintained ain	ice it was expedient at the moment for th	8
hamaling of ad	ministrative matters. They do not conta	in
	iterials, and there was no attempt to main	
	ne, <u>It is therefore natioinated that</u>	
		7 115m 1 5m
: sđ q <del>* *** **</del>	···	
ggue	lies were low, and mallunction of machine	22*
On	November 14, 1973, you indicated that U.	S.
	Fred Nichol desired, if available,	]oĝ
the following	· ·	
· 4, 12 3, 14, 17	Anii X San de Ba San Sant Cl	
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2.	*	
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. S.		
4,,		
•		
We	ars attempting to locate of th	avoda st
ovents, and wi	ill keep you advised,	

You have indicated that you desire the FBI to assume and maintain custody of wcopons Presently in the possession of the U. S. Marshal's Office. Sioux Falls, Bouth Dakota. Regulations require that the U. S. Marshal maintain custody of such items, and my office must therefore decline to accept those items.

herd ringh Amie:

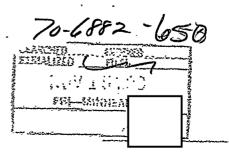
TRIMBACH Deciul Agent in Charge

المتعمد مف

i united states government Manoranden 11/15/73 . SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882) (P) CROSEAS \_B HTIWKENT AS. HON MEGETT! PURSUL CHARLES MEANS cin - evaglary; larceny; arl: afo: ufof MINNEARINIS On November 14, 1973, at about 10:30 a.m., Assistant U. S. Attorney R. D. IURD by telephone advised SA TRENWITH S. BASFCIAD that he had talked to Judge FRED MICHOL, Sioux Falls, Enith Dekots, and Judge NICHOL had indicated that he, Judge RICHES, would insist that, if available between governbe made available to defense ment Agents and coursel : 2.

4.

- Minneapolis (]. - 70-6832 amb P)



e Mand**o**n

MP 70-6862

7 KINGARAMAN (70-6882) 124

part: 11/15/73

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igt.	He also indicated that Judge NICHOL might request that the defense be given a chance to make "random sampling" of the He stated that he could not, at this stage, anticipate the Judge's final instructions.  Nr. HURD also requested that the regarding the above four events, if located, be made available on November 15, 1973, to a defense attorney from New York City who is presently in Napid City, South Dakots.
	At approximately 3:30 p.m., Movember 14. 1973, 1000.  SAC JOSEPH H. TRIMBACH advised by HURB that we were attempting to identify the that Mr. MOMB had requested, and it was pointed out to by HURB the difficulty of promptly assembling these It was arranged that SA would report to Mr. HURB's office on November 15, 1973, and be available for testimony before Judge NICHOL on the afternoon of November 15, 1973.
	Mr. MURD had previously requested of SA JOHN E.  MC CARTY that the FBI assume custody of weapons presently maintained in Deadwood. South Dakots, by the Office of the U. S.  Marshal. He desired that the svidence be maintained by the FBI and transported to St. Faul, Missesotz, for trial purposes.  SAC THINDACH advised Nr. HURD that regulations require that the U. S. Marshal maintain custody of those weapons.
	At 6:45 a.m., Mr. Mind again contacted EA TREMETON 6. SASSOON to (
	City from New York City. The difficulty of presenting those was again pointed out to Mr. HURD. After consultation with the EAC. EA BASFOND attempted to contact Mr. HURD to advise him that the could not be made available on this short notice. Mr. HURD was not available, but will be contacted by SA massord.

AIRTEL.

AIRMAIL

TO

pinecton, for

(Attention: OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL

AND GENERAL CRINES UNIT)

FROM

: FAC, IMMULAPOLIS (70-6882)(P)

SUBJECT:

RUESELL CHARLES HEAVS

CIR - EURGLARY AND LARCENY;

ARL; AFO; UFOF

Re Eurecu mirtel to Minneapolis, dated 11/9/73, and Minneapolis mirtel to Eurecu, dated 11/15/73.

of the court tes held beforels, South testified in Counsel scope of the mony were the	disclosure r pro U.S. Dist Dakota. A H open court o	uling in rict Jud inneapol nd was c neeming	regard to record to record to record to record to record to record the rest.	NCKOL at on Specia	Sioux d Agent lefense esc, and

FIGSON

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IP 70-6882

which was the	court restated the modified ruling of light the for the following events were review by defense attorney:	/14/73 to be
1.		
2.		
3₊		
4,		
It	was pointed out to the court that	
	_	
these Y	In addition, the defense requested that and been reviewed, the defense be allowed	after to
	taken on a random basis. The court in	formed
the defense t writing and t that time.	that such a request would have to be received that a decision concerning this would be made	ved in ade at
contacted the Dakota, and a the defense. Attorney, Rar attorney while	Rapid City Command Fost, Rapid City, South A Special Agent, FBI, and an Assistant Upid City, South Dakota, will accompany defeite he is	for .S. ense
Tho	o Euroau will be kept advised of developmen	ats.

b3 b6 b7C NR ØØI RC PLAIN

7 55 AM 10-20-73 URGENT MCA

TO DIRECTOR .

FROM MINNEAPOLIS - RCCP (157-1458) -P-

PROPOSED CARAVAN TO PINE RIDGE, SOUTH DAKOTA, 10-22-73, RELATIVE TO THE SHOOTING OF PEDRO BISSONETTE. SPONSORED BY THE AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT (AIM) EM- AIM OO: MP

DISTRICT OF SD., WESTERN DIVISION ISSUED THE FOLLOWING COURT
ORDERS AGAINST AIM LEADERS RUSSELL MEANS, DENNIS BANKS AND LEONARD CROW DCG
ON 10-19-73. THE COURT ORDERED DEFENDANTS NAMED ABOVE TO APPEAR USDC,
10-22-73 AT 1-30 PM TO SHOW CAUSE WHY CONDITIONS OF RELEASE RELATIVE
TO SAID DEFENDANTS RELEASE ON BOND SHOULD NOT BE AMENDED TO PROHIBIT
THEIR GOING TO OR ENTERING UPON PINE RIDGE INDIAN RESERVATION AND
FURTHER ORDERED SAID DEFENDANTS BE AND ARE HEREBY PROHIBITED FROM
RETURNING TO OR GOING UPON THE PINE RIDGE INDIAN RESERVATION

ABOVE ORDER ISSUED BY USDC JUDGE FRED J NICHOL

ON 10-19-73 FBI RC, SD., COMMAND POST RECEIVED FROM AUSA

RC. THE ABOVE COURT ORDERS AND ON SAME DATE

DELIVERED THESE ORDERS TO THE USM OFFICE, RC. FOR SERVING.

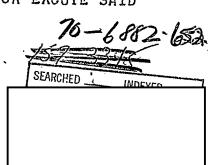
FBI RC DID NOT ATTEMPTED TO CONTACT DEFENDANTS OR EXCUTE SAID COURT ORDERS BEFORE DELIVERY TO USM OFFICE.

END

RXH FBIHQ ACK FOR ONE 2

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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

•	Date of transcription 10/25/73
	Con October 18, 1973,  Rapid City, South Dakota, advised that information in his possession revealed the following vehicles were destroyed in Wounded Knee, South Dakota, during the occupation of this village by American Indian Movement (AIM) members and supporters:
	WITTER DETECTION SEARCHES
	bottom, unknown South Dakota license.
Interviewed on	10/18/73Rapid City, South Dakota _File # MP 70-6832
by	SA Date dictated 10/22/73

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7C

10/25/73

MP 70-6832 b6 advised that the records for the b7C license numbers in South Dakota for these vehicles have been lost, however, these records are maintained in Hot Springs, South Dakota. advised that one Nebraska, Was him at the time of the occupa advised that Wounded is as follows:

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

# Memorandum

TO

John McCarty, FBI

DATE:

11/6/73

FROM

R. D. Hurd

SUBJECT:

FBI Leads

United States v. Russell Means

John, a female Indian, living in South Dakota was interviewed on May 8, 1973. Copy of said interview is in Field Office File No. 70-7667, Titled

She indicates that she was in Wounded Knee on February 27, when it was taken over and stayed there for approximately 40 days. She should be reinterviewed in depth as to exactly what she saw and heard at the time of the takeover and subsequently particularly in relation to what she saw and heard any of the leaders do and say. I think she should be asked specific questions as to whether or not she saw the various leaderships do or say anything at Calico Hall, whether or not she observed any of them in the caravan from Calico Hall to Wounded Knee, whether or not she observed any of them at the time of break-in in Wounded Knee and what exactly she saw any of them say or do during the time that she was in Wounded Knee.

Lead assigned in 70-6882

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70-6882-655

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### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

# Memorandum

TO

John McCarty, FBI

DATE:

11/6/73

FROM

R. D. Hurd

SUBJECT:

FBI Leads

United States v. Russell Means

John, was photographed and fingerprinted and released following the 71 day seige of Wounded Knee, South Dakota on May 8, 1973 at which time he refused to provide any information. However, when interviewed on June 8, 1973 he indicated that he had been in Wounded Knee during the entire seige and that he was disillusioned with the American Indian Movement and was quite bitter because he had apparently been deserted without any help of any kind. At that time he said he only had 96¢ and when he got out of jail in Pawnee he was planning on returning to his home in Wisconsin.

I think that Mr. should be reintereviewed in depth concerning all of the observations that he made from the start of the seige until its end, particicularly as to what was said or done by any of the leaders. I would suggest that when a lead is sent out to have Mr. interviewed it contain considerable detail as to the takeover so that the agent conducting the interview will be able to ask pertinent questions. By this I am referring to such things as what exactly happened at Calico Hall on the 27th, who was in the caravan, who was present at the breaking of the trading post, etc.

Lead #

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED FI

70-68:3-656

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# ${\it 1} emorandum$

TO

SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882)

DATE:

11/16/73

FROM

:

SA TRENVITH S. BASFORD

SUBJECT:

RUSSELL MEANS

CIR - BURGLARY, LARCENY;

ANTI-RIOT LAWS;

AFO

Attached hereto is a Xerox copy of a news item from the "Minneapolis Tribune" issue of 11/16/73 that indicates the refusal of Judge FRED J. NICHOL, U. S. District Court, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, to honor a claimed privilege on the part of a minister in connection with Grand Jury proceedings concerning AIM leaders. Liaison should be established with the Office of the U. S. Attorney, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, so that this office will be advised on a continuing basis of any legal actions or decisions that might occur that would be pertinent to the progress of the trials of the AIM leaders or of interest to the FBI Office of Legal Counsel. The news item does not adequately set forth the legal reasoning to refuse the claim of privilege. Personnel of the Office of the U. S. Attorney, Sioux Falls, should be contacted to determine the reason for the denial of the claim of privilege and the information should be furnished to the Office of Legal Counsel if it would be of interest to them.

### LEAD

## MINNEAPOLIS DIVISION

## AT SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA

Arrange for liaison with U. S. Attorney's Office.

Minneapolis (1 - 70-6832 Sub P)TSB:ebl T45

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularry on the Layrout Savings Fran

givirg I post-Grant's attorneys, Kenneth Tilsen, and Melvin leged misuse of Office of year period. Economic Opportunity TH 47. Goldberg, contend that The other defendants were funds on a reservation. wall u Lord has authority to head Larry Burr, the assistant \*inubir the case because, even mg 691 though Goings was being Judge sees no clergy-penitent Is at a held in South Dakota tem-1d. Noporarily, he was designatrelationship in AIM cases all end ed for confinement at the he 11federal prison at Sand-**Associated Press** Minneapolis, was subast play stone, Minn. poeanaed last week and is er, and expected to appear before Sioux Falls, S.D. , sin the Anderson contends that A U.S. District Court a grand jury hearing gov-"2 drive Lord does not have jurisjudge has rejected the arernment requests for fur-. I only diction because Goings ther indictments in gument of an American on the was designated for con-Lutheran Church minister connection with the 71finement at the Leavenwho contended that disday, occupation of Woundworth, Kan., prison. closure of his discussions cd Knee last spring. f, veleth with Indian leaders during mpion-If Lord decides he has juthe occupation of Wounded Then it Boe has the option of me-Knee, S.D., would "irrevocably destroy" his rtitle. fusing to discuss certain risdiction over the case, p a 12matters with the count. he will conduct a hearing church's relationship with The grand jury could them xecord on whether Goings's parole the American Indian hold him in contempt or was revoked illegally. Movement (AIM). allow him not to testify om those matters. Goldberg and Tilsen con-Judge Fred Nichol Wed-ב לפנים ב tend that Goings wasn't nesday ruled that Dr. Paul Boe said in his affidawitt k ol. Frazelli on parole when he was ar-Boe must reveal written that he has known ADMI rested. He had served a Pozzelli accounts of his discusleaders Dennis Banks and five-year sentence and sions with AIM members ant kickl. Clyde Bellecourt simme was released Dec. 8. and supporters in Wound-1968. Boe said he went too Wounded Knee at Belleed Knee. The government contends, court's request. however, that his sen-Attorneys representing tence was reduced and he Boe said the discussions "During my 10 days im was released early beearly March when I was im fell within a clergy-penicause of good behavior. tent relationship and were Wounded Knee, my rightt to ... attend meetings off privileged. . When prisoners are repeople in leadership posiileased early for good betions was never ques-tioned. It appeared clear Nichol examined the docuhavior, they are consid-Sarensoni, ments privately and then ered to be paroled until to me, too, that the perthe end of the actual senruled they were not privi-. sons in Wounded Knee believed that what they said Boe, the executive directo me was said in confi-Goings's parole was redence." voked because he did not tor of the church's Division of Social Services in file written monthly re-Eggs, garbage thrown at cars in Drake, N.D. 11/6/25 Tribune News Services cently for the burning of copies of a novel assigned Drake, N.D. to a high-school English "Eggs, tomatoes and other class., The teacher, Bruce assorted garbage" were Severy, said that the vanthrown in and on the vehidalism may have had cles of school Supt. Dale some connection with the Fuhrman and the school book-burning. board clerk, Clayton Klemper, Tuesday night. Severy reported the garbage-throwing, as well as Fuhrman and the school other acts of vandalism in a Warn board were responsible re-Drake Tuesday night.

three counts. He was ac-

quitted on 12 other

McGrady and the other

defendants were accused

of stealing or misapplying

about \$12,000 over a two-

Lay Livi

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Lead Far the authority to

require the government to

need to priciners in court

Morres 'a jails or prisons,

but not those who are in

nyan- are being held in the collections,

ciner states.

The First National Bank of Drake and the school itself also were vandalized, Severy said. He said the bank and some walls in the school were decorated with soap, wax, slogans. and what he termed "pornographic drawings."

CKMANN
Lorraine E., age 46, of 8200
Dupont Av S., Survived by husband, Alfred V.; son, Steven,
daughter, Mrs, Michael J. (Shoton)
Freundschuh; arandson, Shavon
Alichael; brothers, Vernon & Roger
Stay: sister, Mrs, Norman C. (Shirlev) Jensen, Sersices Fri, I. p.m.
ot the Henry Manderson Mortuary, 3640 23rd Av, S., Friends
moy call alter 4-70 mm. Rhum.
Interment Fort Snelling. Erickson PICKSON

Av. N., Booklyn For. Symetal

Av. N., Brooklyn For. Symetal

Services Mon Brooklyn For Took to

thetan Church, 11 am. Friends

may coll from 2 to 5 pm. Syn.

at the Enan Memorial Chinol, fx.

celsior Blyd. at Hwy. 100, St. While not confirming or denying the incidents, both Fuhrman and Klemner said Thursday that

Butler

can Indian Authentics, a

firm formed to sell arts

Kent Tupper, one of the

that the case is the first

such prosecution for al-

defense attorneys, said

and crafts materials.

Autler

Alada B. 752 Osceola, St. Paul, on Nov. 12 survivea by 2 daughters. Allism Butter Herrick. Wash, D.C. & Aliada Butter Stance of Boston. Mass. & I son David Butter of Deriver. Coto. Atso 7 grandchildren. No visitation. Memorial service 10 am fri, at Unity Unitarian Church Portland of Grotto in St. Paul. Request mothowers. Crintbuttons may be made to charity of domors choice. Arrangements Kenneth F. Spielman Mortuary.

Minn., Mrs. Maragret Boland of St. Paul. Mrs. Gertrude Moreland, Mrs. Elireida Erickson & Mrs. Adelyne Hammeraren, all of Mpls. Services Fri. 12 noon Trinity Lutheran Church of Minnehaha Falls, 52nd St. & 41st Av. S. Visitation at the Henry W. Anderson Mortuary, 3640 23rd Av. S. after 4 pm Thurs. & one hour previous to services at the Church. Memorials preferred to donors choice. Interment Fort Snelling.

Home, Vetera ment evenin Park Parkw

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Mrs. John; Melby all M

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East tion p.m. inoria

Libra

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Mrs. Mrs. Minne

astast 9:30 Chape Hopki St. J C a t Friend ofter Fri.

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son daug Mrs. Mpis Kran John Park nis V 2301 Lake

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B o Olin

Carlson

Rose M., 63, of 11150 Hanson Blvd., Coon Rapids, Survived by 5 sons Richard Hamann, Mtka., Raymond Hamann, Blaine, Roger Hamann, Walker, Reuben Hamann, Si. Michael, Dennis Hamann, Coon Rapids, 9 daughters, Mrs. Charles (Lee) Sutter of Coates, Mrs. Jack (Jacqui) Pederson, Mrs. Marlyn (Polly) Born of Lake Crystol, Mrs. Donald (Sue) Fiediger, Mrs. Tom (Marriel LaBonne, & Mrs. Loquita Kerssen of Coon Rapids, Mrs. Ben kossemary) Mark of Bethel, Michelle Hamann of N. Dak., Mrs. Dennis (Joy) Piorr of Champlin, 39 grandchildren, 1 sister, Mrs. Laura Garland of Colifornia. Mass of Christian Burial Sat. 9:30 A.M. Epiphany Church, Coon Rapids Prayer service 8:30 P.M. Fri. at Gearthart Miller Funeral Home, 552 E. River Road, Anoka. Interment Hazelwood Cemetery, Hazelwood, Minn. Memorials preferred to the

Chrisman

Chrisman

Edith S., age 79, of 5421 Wentworth Av. S. Survived by her husband Cecil G., daughters Mrs. Robert H. (Vivian) Lehmann of Mols. Mrs. Richard J., (Eunice) Carlson Bloomington, Mrs. Jack P. (Virginia) White of New Brighton, 6 grandchildren, 18 great-grandchildren, 6 sisters. Visitation from 3 p.m. Thurs. with Funeral Services. 2 p.m. Fri. at the Gleason Mortuary, 2650 Nicollet Av. Interment Fort Snelling:

Cogger

Mathilda, 72, of Anoka, Survived by husband Edward, 1 daughter Mrs. Harvey (JoAnn) Clark of Iowa, 1 brother, Lawrence Helinski of Anoka, 3 sisters, Sister Rose, Marie Helinski of Florida, Sister Mary Rosalie Helinski of III. & Mrs. Agnes Moson of Calif. Mass of Christian Burial 9 A.M. Sat. St. Stephen Catholic Church, Anoka, Visitation 6 to 9 P.M. Fri. at Gearbart Miller Funeral Home, 552 River Rosd, Anoka, Prayer service 7 p.m. Fri Interment Calvary Cemetery, Anoka.

Olanas
Charles O., age 71, of 7526 2nd
Ave. S. Survived by wife, Ruth L.,
daughter Mrs. Daniel (Louise) Goeman, Apole Valley, 3 sons. Charles
R., Richfield; Robert W., Bloominaton; Paul B., Richfield, 8 arandchil
dren. Services Sat. 11 AM The Albin Chapel; Paul, Ralph & Jack Albinson, director, 2200 Nicollet Ave.
Interment, Lakewood Cemetery.
Visitation after 4 PM Friday.

Eckmann ·

tery. Anoka.

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NR 921 VF CODED

828 PM NITEL 11-22-73 990

TO:

DIRECTOR. FEI AND

SACS, DENVER

MINNEAPOLIS

NEW YORK

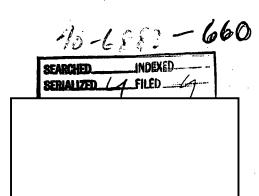
FROM: SAC, NFO (157-5799) (P) (2P)

ATTW: INTD. RUSSELL CHARLES MEAN, EM-AIM. (00:MP).

A PELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED AIM LEADER RUSSELL MEANS IS SCHEDULED TO HOLD A PRESS COMPERENCE AT 19:30 A.M., 11/21/73, IN THE CAPITOL ROOM, MATIONAL PRESS CLUB, WASHINGTON, D.C. OND C), TO MAKE A STATEMENT CONCERNING THE WHIE HOUSE'S FAILURE TO RESPOND TO PROPLEMS AFFECTING AMERICAN INDIANS. SOURCE STATED MEANS PRESENTLY PLANS TO LEAVE FOR NEW YORK, NEW YORK, AFTER THE PRESS COMPERENCE WHERE HE BRINGS HIS PLEAS BEFORE THE UNITED MATIONS.

A SECOND RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED MEANS ARRIVED IN WDC ON 11/19/73 AND WAS SEEN ON THE EVENING OF 11/19/73 AT THE ROGER SMITH HOTEL, 18TH AND PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W., WDC... SOURCE WAS UNABLE TO FURNIS ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING END PAGE ONE

FOR Sout & MCCPM



b6 b70 PAGE TWO

MEANS' MODE OF TRAVEL, HIS STAY IN WDC OR HIS FUTURE TRAVEL PLANS.

ADMINISTRATIVE: FIRST SOURCE IS

SECOND SOURCE IS

WFO WILL FOLLOW.

EFD

FEI MP CLR

PXC .

Ty

. . .

936 PH NITEL 11-21-73 PUC

TO: . DIRECTOR, FBI AND

SACS, DENVER

MINNEAPOLIS

NEW YORK

RAPID CITY COMMAND POST

FROM: SAC, WFO (157-5799) (P) (3P)

10-6852

ATTN: INTD. RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS, EM-AIM, (00:MP).

A RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED INSTANT DATE THAT AIM LEADER, RUSSELL MEANS HELD A PRESS CONFERENCE THIS DATE AT THE NATIONAL PRESS CLUB, WASHINGTON, D.C. (WDC) AT WHICH TIME HE ANNOUNCED THAT HE, REPRESENTING THE SOVEREIGN OGLALA SHOUX NATION, HAD DELIVERED A "BILL OF PARTICULARS" TO PRESIDENT NIXON CONCERNING THE TREATY OF 1863 BETWEEN THE LAKOTA PEOPLE, OF WHICH THE OGLALA SHOUX ARE A PART, AND THE UNITED STATES. MEANS STATED THE "BILL OF PARTICULARS" HAS BEEN PRESENTED SO THAT THE UNITED STATES CAN MAKE CLEAR, IN WRITING, ITS UNDERSTANDING OF THE LEGAL EFFECT OF THIS TREATY.

MEANS STATED THAT IF THE REQUESTS OF THE INDIAN PEOPLE ARE NOT JUSTLY SATISFIED, THE UNITED STATES IS IN FOR A VERY END PAGE ONE

70.6882-661

Brugger U

PAGE TWO

"UNHAPPY BIRTHDAY" WHEN IT CELEBRATES ITS BICENTENIAL IN 1976.
MEANS STATED THAT AIM HAS DEVELOPED STRONG TIES IN THIS
COUNTRY AND CANADA AND HAS FORMED A COALITION WITH BLACK,
CHICANO AND WHITE GROUPS TO HELP THEM MEET THEIR DEMANDS.

MEANS STATED AIM\_IS PRESENTLY TRYING TO ESTABLISH RE-LATIONSHIPS WITH COUNTRIES ECONOMICALLY INDEPENDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO HELP AIM ATTAIN THEIR GOALS.

MEANS STATED THAT IF THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT LIVE UP
TO ITS LAWS ON INDIAN AFFAIRS, THERE WILL BE DEFINITE PROTESTS AND STATED, "WE WOULD RATHER DIE FIGHTING THAN SUBMIT
TO THE TYRANNY OF THIS COUNTRY".

SOURCE ADVISED MEANS DEPARTED THE WDC AREA IN THE LATE AFTERNOON THIS DATE AND WAS BELIEVED IN ROUTE TO DENVER, COLORADO AND THEN TO RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA.

SOURCE ADVISED MEANS MADE NO MENTION OF TRAVELING TO
NEW YORK, EXCEPT THAT HE DID PLAN TO GO TO THE UNITED NATIONS
SOMETIME IN THE NEAR FUTURE.
END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

ADMINISTRATIVE: RE WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE (WFO) TELS DATED 11/19/73 AND 11/20/73.

SOURCE IS

FOR THE INFORMATION OF DENVER AND MINNEAPOLIS, MEANS BOARDED UNITED AIRLINES FLIGHT 177 TO DENVER AT 5:40 P.M. INSTANT DATE.

END

JAK FBI RC CLR

b7D

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Means foresees possible Indian protests in 1976

Ansociated Press

Washington, D.C.
Indian leader Russell
Means said Wednesday
that the nation's bicentennial in 1976 will be an
unhappy celebration unless disputes over Indian
treaties are resolved rapidly.

Means, a leader of the Wounded Knee, S.D., occupation incident, made the comment at a news conference. "There definitely will be protests involved," said Means, unless Indian treaty rights are clarified by the time the 1976 bicentennial celebration is held.

He said any protests would not be accompanied by the type of property destruction that marked the seizure of Wounded Knee and last year's occupation of the Bureau of Indian Affairs in Washington.

Copy + 6: 157-1458

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
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Date: //- 22-73
Edition:
Author:
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Submitting Office:
Being Investigated
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70-6882-66

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DEMICION, FRI

NATIONAL OPTION OF LACAL COURSEL AND

GREERAL CRIMES WHIT

PROM:

C.C. IMILIAPOLIC (70-3833) (P)

SUBJUCE:

RUBBLILL GIVALES HEAVIS

CIA - LUNGBARY and LARCEIN;

AM, AMO, UFOF

Re Europu mirtel to Minneapolis, dated 11/9/73.

Enclosed are three (3) Meron copies of a letter to FBI, Minneapolis, from the U. S. Attorney's Cifico, Gioum Falls, Couth Dakota, Cated 11/8/73, signed by R. D. MADD, Assistant U. S. Attorney.

SAC. Minneapolic, had proviously contacted U. S. Actorney WILLIAM P. CLAYTON, Stour Falle, touch Dakota, and Departmental attorneys who were in the Elinnapolis Division in connection with captioned case. The unusual nature of the request of the U. D. Dictrict Court, Sious Falls, through Assistant U. S. Actorney R. D. Ming, for was brought to their attention. It was clearly expressed that Twere for administrative purposes, were not of an the evidentiary nature, and did not contain defendants' conversations or other materials of possible use as evidence.

3 - Luxeau (Enc. 3) 13 - Minnompolio

(1 - 70-3032 CAD P)

TGB:cmi:

Barperd 253

Sent via fax at 3:40 pc -11/15/73 RICP-BAP-664

MP 70-5882

As a result, the Office of the U.S. Attorney recontacted Judge FRED MICHOL, Sicum Falls, South Dakota, and Judge MICHOL modified his request as indicated in the enclosed letter.

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the number of portions of t it is believe	in existence in the event production of those are required. As previously indicated that there will be periods of time where no ere made as a in case of short supply, and for other reasons	ed,
On	11/14/73, Assistant U. S. Attorney (AUSA) HURD	
advised that	Judgo HICHOL has indicated that he desires, if	
available, th		ė
	he defence attorneys:	-
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2.		
- 3.		
4.		
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The above events, according to lir. MURD, are relevant to the issues at trial. He stated that he did not know the score of disclosure desired by the Judge, and that it would be possible for the Judge to order disclosure of additional

MP 70-6882

again reiterating the Eureau position that the cover administrative matters. Ir. HURD agreed to have a Eureau Agent testify before Judge MICHOL as to the nature, the manner of maintaining, and the difficulty in assembling the lit is believed that this testimony will be more effective in precenting the Eureau's viewpoint and protecting Eureau interest, than having Mr. HURD, who may not completely understand the magnitude of the problem, furnish background information to the Judge.
might take place on the afternoon of pr shortly there-
Ilinneapolis, by separate airtel directed to the Eureau and all offices, except Anchorage, Honolulu, and San Juan, has requested Agents who served at Wounded Ence be canvassed regarding their knowledge of destruction or other loss of the missing It is felt that this procedure will aid in giving exceence to any future testimony regarding the maintenance of the and will aid in establishing credibility if the determined to be

b3

The Eureau will be kept advised.

- 3 -

# Memorandum

SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (157-1825)

DATE:

11/13/73

ROM:

SAC, NEWARK (157-7260) (RUC)

BJECT:

em - Aiu

Ann - Said

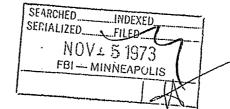
(00: MINHEAPOLIS)

RE: Minneapolis letter to Omaha, dased 9/26/73.

by SA and photo of was made determined to be identical to who engaged in conversation with SAs In Rapid City, SD, on 2/22/73.

D 10-6882-665

2-Minneapolis 1-Nevark



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b7C

392 Federal Building U. S. Court House 110 South Fourth Street Minneapolis, Minnesota 55401 November 19, 1973

Honorable William F. Clayton
U. S. Attorney
Federal Building
Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57101

Dear Sir:

RE: RUSSELL MEANS
CRIME ON INDIAN RESERVATION BURGLARY AND LARCENY;
ANTI-RIOT LAWS;

ASSAULTING A FÉDERAL OFFICER, ETC

By letter dated November 6, 1973, I forwarded to you a copy of the letter dated November 2, 1973, from the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to the Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, Department of Justice, concerning informant summaries. As this letter indicates and as you have been orally advised, the FBI is taking no action at this time to compile such summaries for the reasons stated in the November 2 letter.

Sincerely yours,

JOSEPH H. TRIMBACH Special Agent in Charge

1/- 70-6882 1 - 70-6832 Sub P) TSB:eb1

(3)

7

70-68E2-664

SAC, MINHEAPOLIS (70-6832 - SUB P) (P)	11/26/73
SA	ъ6 ъ7с
LEADS IN RE USA VERSES DEURIS DANKS AUD RUSSELL MEANS	
Re memo from R. D. HURD, AUS FBI, dated 10/25/73,	IA, to JOHN E, MC CARTY,
Archi 64   duced 11	302 reflecting inter- 3/73. It is requested  viewed as to his  runded Knee, South  as of subjects involved
It should be further noted to subject of IP 70-7336 and a report con FD-302 was forwarded to the USA, Sioux Dakota, on 7/17/73. Subject is also be for Federal Grand Jury process.	tai <del>nan arrac</del> hai
·	
D- Hinneapolis (1 - 70-6832 - SUB P) (1 - 70-6864)	·
(1 - 70-6882) (1 - 70-7336) (Info.)	70-667

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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						7 /7 /73
			<b>:</b> .	Do	ate of transcription.	111113
	\ :					·
	,	South Dakot	a. was int	erviewed by	the belo	w named
	Agents wh	ō identified	themselve	s <u>and expla</u>	ined the	<del>n</del> urpose
· г	of the in	terview. Spe a <u>form ent</u> it	ecial Ager	it [	drice of	furnished
L	which Age	nt e:	xplained t	:0		knowledged
	that he u	nderstood the	e form and	Dland big	<del>- q</del> ignatur	e thereon.
	Special A	gent ed in connec	explained	the takeove	that he	was being
-		ota, by mili				
	Movement	(AIM) on Feb	ruary 27,	1973, and s	pecifical	ly regarding
	involved	ng of the Wor in the looting	unded Knee no and tak	e irading Po reover of Wo	st and pe unded Kne	rsme
	furnished	the following	ng informa	tion:	·	
				advised th	ot on Fob	m10mm 27
	1973. he	went to Gord	on. Nebras	ka. in the	company o	f his
		<b>5</b> 0 1/2000 d o d 1/2			rom there	
	at approx	to Wounded Ki imately 2:00	nee, south	l Dakota, ar 'ebruary 28.	riving in 1973. wh	the area
	Bureau of	Indian Affa:	irs (BIA)	Police stop	pe <u>d them</u>	and advised
-	that shoo	ting was goin nions advise	ng on in W	ounded Knee	• Local 11744	land his
	Wounded K	nee and want	ed to go i	n there.	y nad Kr	dvised
	that at the	he time that	he descri	bed above h	e and his	two · .
	companion	s were drink:	ing heavil	y and in an	intoxica	ted state
	he has no	He advised taffiliation	s with AIM	or the mil	itants wh	o took
	over Wound	ded Knee. He	e further	advised tha	t on Febr	uary 28,
	19/3, he	observed man nee Trading l	y of the m	illitant Ind	ians arou	nd the
	would be	extremely ha	rd for him	to remember	r who he	specifically
	observed.	He advised	that some	of the mil	itant Ind	ians
		e Trading Po: himself to a:			the Tradi	ng Post
	Г		ily citting the	wanted.		
•	·	sta	abeddthat	he could no	t specifi	cally
		many of the part when of				
				one in pilo	2001abii a	
<del></del>	<i>y</i> .				<u> </u>	
Interviewe	od on 7/3	/73 <sub>ot</sub> [	·	South Dako	ta ғіі. ±	MP 70-7336
<b>L.</b> .	SA SA		272	, Data dist		7/6/73

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

## MP 70-7336

named as one of the individuals who told	b6 b7C
He advised that the only specific person who he could remember taking things out of the Trading Post was who had accompanied him into Wounded knee.	
At this time, was requested to observe the above described photograph album and furnish what information he could concerning each individual he recognized about their activities in Wounded Knee, and the following represents his statements:	
Individuals observed by in Wounded Knee between February 27 and May 8, 19/3, during the armed takeover by militant AIM members:	
AGNES AFRAID OF HAWK;	
stated that was often in Wounded Knee  RUSSELL MEANS - advised that he observed	. •
MEANS in Wounded Knee and in and out of the Trading Post;	
observed at the Wounded Knee Trading Post;	
observed her in Wounded Knee and in and out of the Trading Post;	

	her in Wounded Knee and in and out of the Trading Post;
	Wounded Knee and in and out of the Trading Post;
_	observed him in Wounded Knee and in and out of the Trading Post;
	stated he observed her in Wounded Knee and in and out of the Trading Post;
•	advised that
	her in Wounded Knee and in and out of the Trading Post;
Knee who	Individuals observed byin Wounded were carrying weapons:
	DENNIS BANKS - advised that BANKS was observed in and out of the Trading Post and was always equipped with a revolver and a bullwhip;
	GARTER CAMP often observed CAMP carrying a rifle;
	STANLEY R. HOLDER - advised that he observed HOLDER in and out of the Trading Post and HOLDER was always equipped with a rifle or shotgun; further advised
,	that HOLDER was always on patrol in Wounded Knee;
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	observed in the Trading Post and remembers that was often on one of the Indian bunkers in Wounded Knee equipped with a rifle;

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	and in and out was al	Jobserved of the Trading Post ways carrying a gun;
	he observed in Wounded Knee;	advised that carrying a rifle
	was often on guard bunkers in Wounded	advised that always carrying a gun and d at one of the Indian d Knee;
	to carry a rifle of RON PETITE - a gun often in Woo	observed in Wounded Knee often;
		stated ried an automatic weapon
as obs	The following desc erved through observa	cription of ation and interview:
	Sex Race Tribe Wife Date of birth Place of birth Height Weight Hair Eyes	Male American Indian (Sioux)  Rosebud  South Dakota  5'10" 226 Black Brown
F.,	Social Security #	

MP 70-7336

Scars and Marks

Additional facial Characteristics

## 11/22/73

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

TO:

DIFECTOR, FBI (176-2401)

FROII:

SAC, MINIMPOLIS (70-3882)

SUBJECT:

RUESELL CHARLES MEANS

CRIME ON INDIAN RESERVATION

BURGLARY AND LARCERY; ANTI-RIOT LAWS

IMPEDING FEDERAL OFFICERS; ASSAULTING FEDERAL OFFICERS;

COMSPIRACY; UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FIREARIES Re Duairtel to Minneapolis dated 10/26/73.

Enclosed are four (4) copies of Prosecutive Summary Report regarding captioned subject, Which includes one copy for dissemination to Criminal Division, U.S. Department of Justice.

## ARMID AND DARDINGS

2 - Bureau (Enc. 4)
2 - Hinneapolis

RBL/no (4) 11011 3 :- 671

November 2, 1973

Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

Director, FBI

RUSSELL MEANS CRIME ON INDIAN RESERVATION -BURGLARY AND LARCENY; ANTI-RIOT LAWS; ASSAULTING A FEDERAL OFFICER, ETC.

This will confirm a conversation on October 31, 1973, between Mr. Carl W. Belcher. Chief, General Crimes Section, Inspector and Special Agent John C. Gordon, of FBI Meadquarters. Also present were Messrs. of Mr. Belcher's staff.

Mr. Belcher was advised that on October 10, 1973. Assistant U. S. Attorney (AUSA) R. D. Hurd sent a letter for U. S. Attorney (USA) William P. Clayton, District of South Dakota, to Mr. Joseph H. Trimbach, Special Agent in Charge (SAC) of the FBI's Minneapolis Office. In this letter it was stated that in light of the current status of the law on informers and in preparation for the trial of Dennis James Banks and Russell Charles Means it is necessary for Mr. Clayton's Office to obtain information, as soon as possible, surrounding informers who have any knowledge of the takeover of Wounded Knee or the crimes charged in the indictments against Means and Banks. was to include information obtained from FBI informers prior to the actual takeover at Wounded Knee on February 27, 1973, and subsequent to May 8, 1973. The USA felt our informants may have information as to acts or statements made which would bear on the question of conspiracy or intent.

In order to comply with USA Clayton's request. SAC Trimbach discussed this matter with Messra. Clayton and Hurd who requested summaries of all informant information throughout the field. The USA advised the identities of informants could be concealed but he anticipated the information might be given to the U.S. District Court Judge for his review in camera at a later date to determine whether or not any of the

SAC, Minneapolis
(1 - USA, District of South Dakota)

SEE SAC, MINNEAPOLIS NOTE PAGED SEARCHED SERIALIZED SERIALIZED NOV 5 1973

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Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

information must be provided to defense counsel in order to protect the defendants' rights to a fair trial.

Mr. Belcher furnished the opinion the FBI need not comply with the USA's request as to do so was premeture. Mr. Belcher further stated to obtain all informant summaries at this stage in preparation for trial was not warranted and in fact, this course of action may never be nesessary to comply with the Order issued by Chief Judge Fred J. Nichol in U. S. District Court of South Daketa on October 15, 1973.

In lieu of the request of the USA, Mr. Belcher advised the FBI was to proceed promptly in the preparation of the prosecutive summary reports of evidence available to prove the charges against Means. Banks, and the other so called leadership figures which had previously been requested by the Department on October 25, 1973.

Copies of this letter are being furnished to the SAC of our Minneapelis Office for his guidance with instructions a copy be furnished to USA Clayton for his information.

NOTE TO SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (PERSONAL-ATTENTION): The above letter pertains to Minneapolis case captioned, "Russell Charles Means, aka; CIR - Burglary and Larceny; ARL; AFO; Conspiracy; IFO; UPOF; OO: MP," (MPfile 70-6832). Upon receipt of this letter in the Minneapolis Office you are to furnish the designated copy to USA William F. Clayton, District of South Dakota.

## Memorandum

то

SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882) (P)

DATE: 11/5/73

FROM:

SA TRENWITH S. BASFORD

SUBTECT:

RUSSELL MEANS

CIR - ARL:

IFO - CONSPIRACY:

for the display of the

play of this evidence.

ET AL



He suggested that

On November 2, 1973, Assistant U. S. Attorney R. D. HURD advised that on November 2, 1973, U. S. District Court Judge FRED J. NICHOL had advised Mr. HURD that in connection with the discovery order regarding evidence in this case, that he desired that all in connection with this case be made available for display to the defense at Rapid City on November 19, 1973. He anticipated that the defense would have in attendance attorneys MARK LANE, He also anticipated that there would be a "couple" defendants, a stenographer, and two or more representatives from the U. S. Attorney's Office. Facilities would be necessary

He also advised that the judge had instructed that be made available for review by the defense.

the Bureau might desire to obtain additional space for the dis-

He stated that Judge NICHOL had indicated that he would consider a receipt of affidavits in connection with the disclosure of informant matters in this case. He stated that at this time he did not know the extent or details regarding the form that should be used in the affidavits.

3 - Minneapolis SB:cmk

Minneapolis (1 - 70 - 6832 sub P) cmk 76 - 6832 - 673

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

# Memorandum

TO

SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882) (P)

DATE:

11/5/73

FROM:

SA TRENWITH S. BASFORD

SUBJECT:

RUSSELL MEANS

CIR - ARL;

IFO - CONSPIRACY;

ET AL

Charles

On November 5, 1973, JOHN C. GORDON, General Crimes Unit, SOG, advised that the Department of Justice had requested that a Letterhead Memorandum (LHM) be prepared regarding all information furnished by the three informants who have agreed to testify in instant cases. These informants are

b6 b7С b7D

Sufficient copies of the LHM are to be furnished to the Bureau for dissemination to the informant file at the Bureau and to the Department of Justice. FD-302s, where pertinent, can be included as part of the LHM. Payments made to the informant should be set forth in the LHM, and the LHM should be inclusive to cover all eventualities that might be subject to testimony.

The cover letter to the Bureau should be under the Wounded Knee caption.

Barford ISS

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(6)	AN	)				

Far-ant RCCP MCI-RCCP



76-6-674

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

### FBI

			Date:	11/15/73	<u> </u>				
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		(Priority)							
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		<del>-</del>	FICE OF LEGAL (	COUNSEL AND					
Ī	GENERAL CRIMES UNIT								
	•								
-	FROM: SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6832) (P)								
	SUBJECT:	WOUNDED KNEE		,					
		EM - AIM	,	-					
	•			. *					
	•	OO: MINNEAPOLI	S	•.					
	•	For the informa	tion of office	s receiving this	airtel.				
	during a po			e village of Woun					
. 1	South Dakot			<u>_</u>					
	at the Wour	de <mark>d Knee Comman</mark>	d Post, both at	t the Command Pos	t during				
1_	a portion o			Relay Point. The					
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	by Bureau r	regulations or i	nstructions.						
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.	2 - Albany			22 New Orleans	•				
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	2 - Columbi		ilwaukee	(Conjugación times	ad Page 21				
	2 - Dallas 2 - Denver		Obile	(Copies Continu	eu rage 2)				
L	2 - Denver	Leen of "	i y Fru	302 Police de la company de la	7				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ch I	¢	Sorialized Sorialized					
	Approved:	'NV	Sent	Soria Tode Mod Mer					
	capproveu;	Sanial Agent in Change	Derify	Traca M Per	1070 - 455-574				

70-6952-675

MP 70-6832 2 - Salt Lake City 2 - San Antonio 2 - San Diego 2 - San Francisco 2 San Juan 2 - Savannah 2 - Seattle 2 - Springfield 2 - Tampa 2 - WFO 5 - Minneapolis (2 - 70 - 6832)**-** 70-6882) (1 - 70 - 6832 Sub P)TSB:cmk are not believed to have been made on a continuous basis since there was on occasion a breakdown of It would appear very possible that when was in short supply, that

some of the

The attorneys for the defense of the subjects charged in connection with the occupation of Wounded Knee, have requested that they be At the present time it is not known what action will be taken by the Court in ordering the to the defense.

Minneapolis desires to be in a position to explain any It is therefore requested that each office receiving this airtel canvass any Agents who were assigned to duty at Wounded Knee to determine if they can account

טט

that would not be presently in the possession of the

MP 70-6832 ·

Minneapolis Office. This would include items mentioned above, such as position making them unavailable.

If Agents have no information of value, no reply need be made to this airtel. Where information of a pertinent nature is obtained, it is requested that Minneapolis be advised by teletype on or before November 20, 1973, marked to the attention of SA TRENWITH S. BASFORD.

b6 b7C

SAC, DEHVER (176-71) (P)

RONALD DANIEL PETITE, Aka EN - AIM

Re Phoenix letter to Alexandria, 6/6/73 and Minneapolis report of SA 9/7/73.
Enclosed for the Bureau and Hinneapolis is one copy of the Denyer PD Identification Record regarding RONALD DANIEL PETITE.
On 11/19/73, Hrs.  East High School, 1545 Detroit, advised that she had made a search of withdrawal records from 1940 through 1959 and a search of graduation lists from 1950 through 1956 and that she could locate no records pertaining to subject PETITE.
On 11/20/73, Denver PD Identification Burcau, made available a copy of the enclosed record pertaining to PETITE.
On the dates indicated below the following persons
advised that is apparently not a militant and has not been known to have had any connection with AIN:
LEONARD BURCH, Tribal Chairman, Southern Ute Tribe, Ignacio, Colorado, 7/25; 8/15; 9/20; 10/23/73.
ARTHUR WEAVER, Chief of Police, Southern Ute Tribe, Ignacio, Colorado, 7/20; 8/15; 9/5,25; 10/23/73.
Affairs, Towacc, Colorado, 7/12; 8/8; 9/5; 10/18/73.
2 - Burea u (Enc. 1) (RII) 1 - Hinneapolis (70-6882)(Enc.1)(Info)(RII) 2 - Denver JSH: cr1 (5)
$\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{N}}}$
70-65 - 676

DN 1/6-/1

LEROY PINNECOOSE, Director of Health Services,
Southern Ute Tribe. Ignacio. Colorado. advised on 8/15/73
that

LEROY PINNECOOSE)

has been associated with AIM in the Four Corners Area. He
stated that not only is AIM not active in the area, but
seemed to be losing interest and there is no following among
the local Indians.

b6 b7C

On 9/19/73 I FRAY PIUNECONSE advised that Mrs

and he has never known her to show any interest in AIM and he feels that his brother and sister-in-law are opposed to the organization. They are not militant activists. She has worked for the Bureau of Indian Affairs and GUY has been a Tribal Official and is employed in a substantial position with the Southern Ute Tribe.

Denver will continue to follow this matter.

## Memorandum

то		SAC	) MINNEAPOI (ATTN:	LIS (	70-6882)	
FROM	:	SA				

DATE: 11/28/73

b6 b7C

SUBJECT:

RUSSELL MEANS

CIR

SAC JOSEPH H. TRIMBACH advised on 11/28/73 that he had completed reading the prosecutive summary report concerning captioned subject and he felt there was a gap that should be filled if possible on the day of the firefight on roadblock three involving SA He recalled that subject instructed the Indians to cease fire in view of the fact that negotiations were going to be resumed concerning a settlement. It was discussed with SAC TRIMBACH that a network television program carried a news report depicting Indians putting on warpaint and also displayed RUSSELL MEANS jumping out of an automobile and shouting to assembled Indians that they should cease gunfire inasmuch as negotiations were to be resumed concerning a settlement of the Wounded Knee matter.

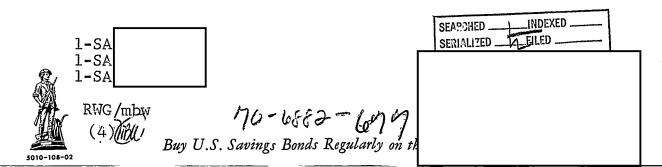
SAC TRIMBACH further commented that he recalled that Senators JAMES ABOUREZK and GEORGE MC GOVERN appeared at Wounded Knee during the initial phase of the takeover and conferred with RUSSELL MEANS. SAC TRIMBACH instructed that this phase be researched and instructed that Senators ABOUREZK and MC GOVERN should be called as witnesses if at all possible.

#### LEADS

#### MINNEAPOLIS

#### AT RAPID CITY COMMAND POST.

- 1) Will pursue above matter in attempt to round out this phase of the prosecution against subject.
- 2) Will research facts concerning Senators ABOUREZK and MC GOVERN negotiating with subject and attempt to establish them as prosecution witnesses.





### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Minneapolis, Minnesota
November 28, 1973

#### AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT (AIM)

This investigation is based on information which indicates the American Indian Movement (AIM) is engaged in activities which could involve a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 2383 (Rebellion or Insurrection) or 2384 (Seditious Conspiracy), as indicated hereafter. Since January, 1973, AIM has been actively involved in demonstrations and violent confrontations with local authorities in Scottsbluff, Nebraska, and the Rapid City and Custer areas of South Dakota. From February 27 through May 8, 1973, AIM leaders and members and their supporters occupied the community of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, by force of arms taking a number of the community's residents as hostages. surrendering to Federal authorities, they engaged in numerous violent and destructive acts and gunfire was exchanged with Federal authorities resulting in the death of two of the insurgents.

Characterizations for the American Indian Movement (AIM) and Wounded Knee, can be found on an appendix page attached hereto.

On November 19, 1973,
Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Pine
Ridge, South Dakota, advised that there is no current
chapter of the American Indian Movement (AIM) at Pine
Ridge, South Dakota. advised however, that there
is an active chapter at Porcupine, South Dakota.

b6 b7C

70-6882-678

#### AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT (AIM)

As a result of further investigation it has been determined, that Red Skaffold AIM Chapter, Faith, South Dakota is currently defunct and no longer active.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

#### AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT

In an article appearing in the March 18, 1970, issue of "The Denver Post," a daily Denver, Colorado, newspaper, Clyde Bellecourt, described as the Director of the American Indian Movement (AIM), was quoted as saying AIM was founded in Minnesota in 1968, and that it is dedicated to improving Indian housing conditions, employment opportunities and education.

of the "Trail of Broken Treaties," which resulted in the takeover of the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Building, Washington, D. C., early in November, 1972. Damage estimated at close to \$2,000,000 was done to the BIA Building. In January, 1973, AIM participated in a "Unity Conference" at Scottsbluff, Nebraska, which resulted in several confrontations with local authorities and numerous arrests. In February, 1973, AIM-led activities resulted in violent confrontations with local authorities in the Rapid City-Custer, South Dakota, area. In Custer during a confrontation, the courthouse was damaged and the Chamber of Commerce Building was destroyed by fire.

On February 27, 1973, an armed group of Indians under the leadership of AIM took over the community of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, located on the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation. While occupying the town, Indians and their supporters engaged in acts of violence and destruction, looting the trading post and museum, and shooting at Federal authorities. During exchanges of gunfire, a U. S. Marshal and an FBI Special Agent were wounded and two of the Indian insurgents were killed.

AIM has no official headquarters, however, Vernon Bellecourt, National Director, has stated he works out of the Denver AIM Chapter Office.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Minneapolis, Minnesota
November 28, 1973

Title

AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT (AIM)

Character

EXTREMIST MATTER

Reference

Minneapolis Memorandum

dated and captioned as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

#### FRI

		F B I						
		Date: 11/28/73						
ansmit t	he following in	(Typė in plaintext or code)						
		AIRMAIL (Priority)						
T								
	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (100-462483)						
	FROM:	SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (157-1458) (P)						
	SUBJECT:	AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT (AIM) EM BUDED 11/20/73						
		Re; Minneapolis Airtel to Bureau, dated 10/20/73.						
		Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of an ed and captioned as above. Enclosed for Denver copies of above LHM.						
	11/20/73.	Date of referenced Airtel should have been 1/20/73.						
	MP 157-2	s the subject of by						
		ARTLEY SKENANDORE is the subject of MP 157-3471.						
,	LHM to th	Minneapolis will disseminate a copy of above e U.S. Secret Service, Minneapolis, Minnesota.						
		u (Enc. 6) (RM) er (Info.) (Enc. 2) (RM)						
		- 157-1458)						

Special Agent in Charge

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(1 - 157 - 722)
(1 - 157 - 846)
(1 - 157 - 1460)
(1 - 157 - 1469)
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(1 - 157 - 2953)
(1 - 157 - 3062)
(1 - 157 - 3063)
(1 - 157-NEW - Porcupine AIM)
  -70-6864)
(1 - 70 - 6866)
(1 - 70-6882)
     70-7041)
     157-2954)
```

#### **LEADS**

#### MINNEAPOLIS

#### AT PORCUPINE, SOUTH DAKOTA

- 1. Develop background information on local chapter leaders, determine their activities and propensity for violence, per Bureau instructions.
- 2. Submit results of investigation in form suitable for dissemination and recommendation for any additional investigation.
- 3. Continue to follow and report activities of chapter.

b7D

NR 036 WA PLAIN

5:12PM NITEL 11-30-73 MAH

TO MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882)

WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM DIRECTOR (176-2401)

RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS, CRIME ON INDIAN
RESERVATION; BURGLARY AND LARCENY; ARL; AFO; CONSPIRACY;
UPR F.

1P

RE OMAHA TELETYPE TO BUREAU 11-29-73, ENTITLED AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT (AIM), EM - AIM, OO: DENVER AND BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TO WASHINGTON FIELD 11-30-73.

THIS WILL CONFIRM REFERENCED BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL.

WASHINGTON FIELD CHECK PASSPORT AND PLACE STOP IF APPROPRIATE AT PASSPORT OFFICE, UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE, ON RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS, DOB 11-10-39, POB PINE RIDGE, SOUTH DAKOTA, FBI NR 877 277 C, SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS, 596 54 5963 AND 596 64 5963.

E ND

FBI MP...CLEAR DSC

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED CEFILED NOV 201973
FBI - MINNEAPOLIS

F B 1.

AIRMAIL  (Priority)  SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882) ATTN: RAPID CITY COMMAND POST  SAC, LOS ANGELES (70-7311) (RUC)  : RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS CIR - ARL; IMPEDING FEDERAL OFFICERS ET AL  Re Minneapolis airtel to San Francisco, 10/8/73.  Records checks at Los Angeles revealed the followi
AIRMAIL  (Priority)  SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882)  ATTN: RAPID CITY COMMAND POST  SAC, LOS ANGELES (70-7311) (RUC)  : RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS CIR - ARL; IMPEDING FEDERAL OFFICERS ET AL  Re Minneapolis airtel to San Francisco, 10/8/73.  Records checks at Los Angeles revealed the followi
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CIR - ARL; IMPEDING FEDERAL OFFICERS ET AL  Re Minneapolis airtel to San Francisco, 10/8/73.  Records checks at Los Angeles revealed the followi
Records checks at Los Angeles revealed the followi
Records checks at Los Angeles revealed the followi
tions;
On TO/25/73 SA was advised by
Inglewood, California Police Deparnat ner records snowed that MEANS paid a \$50.00 fine 60 for Drunk in Private Residence, 6/4/60, Ingelwood - 23264.
On 11/9/73, SC reviewed records at eles Police Department and found that the 12/19/59 charge was dismissed on 12/21/59 by the City Attorney NS was released. Records also showed that the disposi the 1/18/59 Drunk charge was a \$10.00 fine paid by
On 11/27/73, SC reviewed Los Angele Office records and found that for the Failure to Prov 4/12/63, Los Angeles SO # B961126, MEANS served 4 day and was release 4/16/73.
neapolis (70-6882)  Angeles (70-7311)  SEARCHED

b6 b7C 10-6882-682

#### 12/3/73

AIRTEL.

AIRMAIL

TO

: SAC, LOS ANGELES

FROM

: SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882)(P)

SUBJECT:

RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS

CIR - BURGLARY AND LARCENY: ARL - IFO; AFO; CONSPIRACY;

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FIREARMS

00: Minneapolis

For information of receiving offices, RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS is one of six principal leaders of the American Indian Movement (AIII) inspired and led takeover of the town of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, on 2/27/73. He has been indicted by the Federal Grand Jury convening at Sioux Falls, South Dakota, and MEAUS, along with other leaders, is expected to go to trial on 1/8/74.

MEANS' FBI Identification Record indicates that on 12/19/59, the Los Angeles, California, Police Department (LAPD), LAPD Number LA 467708M, charged MEANS with robbery, Booking Number 001537. No disposition is indicated on the FBI record for this charge.

On 9/22/71, the Washington, D.C. Police Department charged MEANS with unlawful entry and the FBI record does not show any disposition for this arrest.

2 - Los Angeles (Encl. 1) 2 - Omaha (Encl. 1) 2 - WFO (Encl. 1)

3 - Minneapolis

Carer Rapedary

**h6** b7C

MP 70-6882 On 1/14/73, the Scottsbluff, Nebraska, Police Department, arrested MEANS charging him with disorderly conduct, carrying a concealed weapon, resisting arrest, and intoxication, disposition indicating he was released to the county. No other disposition with respect to these charges was shown on the FBI record. On 2/6/73, the Sheriff's Office at Rapid City, South Dakota, arrested MEANS on two counts of second degree arson, releasing him to the Custer County authorities. No other disposition was shown on the FBI record. Copies of appropriate FBI records are enclosed for the convenience of receiving offices to assist in covering their respective leads. It is requested that appropriate local law enforcement agencies be contacted to ascertain if the arrest(s) shown on the FBI records constitute a felony and a disposition sheet should be submitted to the Bureau. If no felony, no further action is required except to advise the Minneapolis Office. However, if the arrest was a felony charge, a certified, exemplified copy of the conviction should be forwarded to Minneapolis no later than 12/24/73. ARMED AND DANGEROUS LEADS: LOS ANGELES AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, Will contact Los Angeles Police Department and ascertain whether or not charges placed against MEANS, as noted in the text above, resulted in a conviction and thereafter submit results as noted above. AHAMO AT SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA. Will contact Scottsbluff Police Department and ascertain whether or not charges, as noted in the text, resulted in felony convictions and thereafter submit results as requested above. - 2 -

MP 70-6882

WFO

AT WASHINGTON, D.C. Will contact Washington D.C. Police Department and ascertain whether or not charges, as noted in the text, resulted in felony convictions and thereafter submit results as requested above.

#### MINNEAPOLIS

AT RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA. Will contact Rapid City Police Department and ascertain whether or not charges, as noted in the text, resulted in felony convictions and thereafter submit results as requested above.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

то	SAC, MINNEAPOLIS	(70-6882)	
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DATE: 12/3/73

FROM : FS

b6 b7C

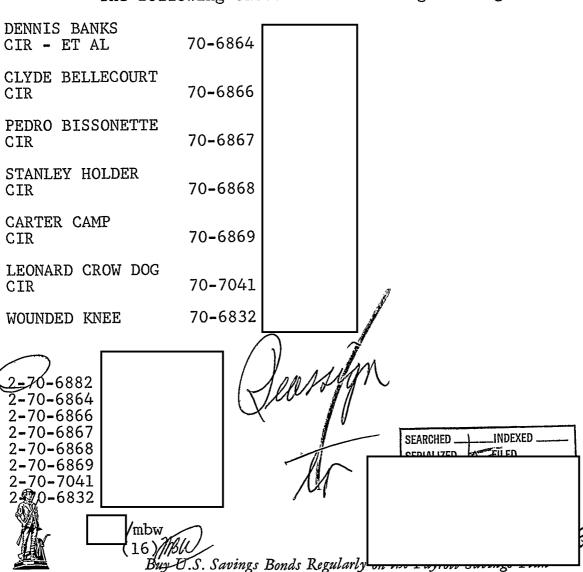
SUBJECT: RUSSELL MEANS

CIR - BURGLARY

ET AL

Above case is being reassigned to

The following cases are also being reassigned:







In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 157-5799

Washington Field Office, Room 506 Old Post Office Building Washington, D. C. 20535

December 3, 1973

Miss Frances G. Knight
Director, Passport Office
Department of State
Washington, D. C. 20524

Dear Miss Knight,

In connection with an official investigation being conducted by this Bureau, it is requested that this office be notified in the event that Russell Charles Means, born on November 10, 1939, at Pine Ridge, South Dakota, applies for passport facilities.

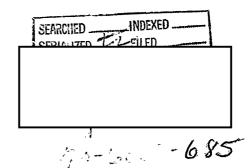
Your cooperation in this matter is sincerely appreciated.

Very truly yours,

John J. McDermott Special Agent in Charge

Munica polis (70-6882)
Enclosure - 1

,i 118



b6 b7C



#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Minneapolis, Minnesota

December 4, 1973



The following pages contain information that can be testified to by concerning:

Russell Charles Means

Dennis James Banks

Clyde Howard Bellecourt

Stanley Richard Holder

Leonard Crow Dog

Carter Augustus Camp



b7C b7D RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS

Crime on an Indian Reservation 
Eurglary and barceny; Antiriot Laws 
Impeding Federal Officers;

Assaulting Federal Officers;

Conspiracy; Unlawful Possession of Firearms

On November 30, 1973,

during the middle of March, 1973, he was in the Wounded Knee Trading Post,
Wounded Knee, South Dakota, at approximately midnight.

He observed and heard Russell Means giving a speech to a large
group of people that were gathered there, which speech was apparently a
morale booster. Means was saying that "A short while ago we had a fire
fight with the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) police. We chased them back."

davised that after Means stated "We chased them back"
there was much clapping of hands.

advised that he knew and observed that Russell Means
was a main American Indian Movement (AIM) leader during the Wounded Knee
occupation.

b7C

b7D

AIM was founded in Minnesota in 1968, dedicated to improving conditions for the American Indian. AIM recently led and participated in confrontations with local authorities in Scottsbluff, Mebraska, and the Rapid City-Custer area of South Dakota. AIM led the takeover and occupation of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, in February-May, 1973.

On February 27, 1973, members of AIM, with non-Indian supporters, seized hostages and by force of arms, occupied the town of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, on the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation, during which parts of the town were burned and ransacked, six members of AIM were wounded, two fatally, two Federal officers were wounded, one permanently paralyzed, in several exchanges of gunfire between occupants and surrounding Government forces. On May 8, 1973, the occupation ended by the surrender of the remaining occupants. More than 200 arrests were made in connection with the occupation.

RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS (Continued)
dvised that in the latter part of March, 1973, he
went to the residence of Leonard Crow Dog, Rosebud, South Dakota, with
While at Crow Dog's residence, they received a telephone call from Russell Means.
Means ordered Robert Burnette  Wounded Knee. South Dakota
Burnette
Russell Means Burnette Burnette

b6 b7С b7D DENNIS JAMES BANKS
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary, Larceny and Arson;
Anti-Riot Laws - Impeding Federal
Officers; Assaulting Federal Officers;
Conspiracy; Obstruction of Motor
Vehicle involved in Interstate Commerce;
Unlawful Possession of Firearms

Cn November 30, 1973, advised that he knew Dennis James Banks as a main AIM leader during the Wounded Knee occupation, but that he did not see Banks in Wounded Knee during the occupation. advised he associates with several AIM members, and they have told him that Banks is a main AIM leader.

b6

b7C

b7D

LEONARD GROW DOG Crime on an Indian Reservation -Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Riot Laws -Impeding Federal Officers; Assaulting Federal Officers; Conspiracy; Unlawful Possession of Firearms

On November 30, 1973,	sed he
has known Leonard Grow Dog personally for some time, and knew Le	
Crow Dog to be a main AIM leader during the Wounded Knee occupat	ion.
advised that during the middle of March, 1 observed Leonard Crow Dog in the Wounded Knee Trading Post, Woundedth Dakota, at approximately midnight.	
advised that Leonard Crow Dog was the religionate of the Wounded Knee occupation.	gious
He advised that he chserved Leenard Crow Dog, during of March, 1973, give \$50.00 to to to give to Crow Dog's in-law for taking care of Crow Dog's wife's kids.	
advised that he has been to Crow Dog's rest the Rosebud Indian Reservation, Rosebud, South Dakota, and obser- during the Wounded Knee occupation this residence was utilized a gathering place for supporters of the Wounded Knee occupation.	ved that
advised that Leonard Crow Dog's residence	is known

ь7с ь7р STANLEY RICHARD HOLDER
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Riot Laws Impeding Federal Officers; Assaulting
Federal Officers, Conspiracy;
Unlawful Possession of Firearms

On Contombon 7 1077	المعالم
On September 7, 1973, during the latter part of March, 1973.	advised that
Dakota, along with several others, to	· ·
the occupants of Wounded Knee. He adv	
scoped rifle, a 12 gauge shotgun, and	
They also took in six boxes of .22 cal	
shotgun shells, twenty loose shells, p	lus 30-06 shells.
	1. de
ammunition to the Wounded Knee Museum,	k the aforementioned guns and
was security headquarters.	wounded knee, bouth makota, which
most bootta of trouver deed not be	
They deposited those guns a	t security headquarters, where
Stanley Richard Holder, as chief of se	
eramunition.	
77-3 3 4-2 33 2 2	
to some unidentified bunker as they we	vidual to take these 30-06 shells
"O some difficultied puriter as they we	re rounting row.
Holder asked	they had any more .22 calibor shells
and stated the occupants were low on .	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	and observed Stanley Holder as a
main AIM leader of the Wounded Knee or charge of front line security.	cupation, and that holder was in
CHEARS OF FROM THE SCOULING.	

ь7с ь7р CARTER AUGUSTUS CAMP
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary; Larceny and Arson;
Anti-Riot Laws - Impeding Federal
Officers; Assault Federal Officers;
Assault with a Dangerous Veapon;
Unlawful Possession of Pirearms

On November 30, 1973, advised that he knew Camp to be a main AIM leader of the Wounded Knee occupation, but that he did not see Camp in Wounded Knee.

b6

b7С b7D CLYDE HOWARD BELLECOURT

Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary and Larceny; Antiriot Laws Impeding Federal Officers;
Assaulting Federal Officers;
Assault With a Dangerous Weapon;
Conspiracy

advised that he knew that Clyde Howard Bellecourt was a main AIM leader of the Wounded Knee occupation, but that he did not observe Clyde Bellecourt in Wounded Knee during the occupation.

b6

b7C

b7D

for information furnished:

b7C b7D

Date	Amount	Period
March 21, 1973	3200,00	Webrushy 27 - Warch 21, 1973
August 6, 1973	\$100,00	March 27 - August 6, 1973
August 9, 1973	\$100.00	August 6 - August 9, 1973
August 23, 1973	\$125.00	August 16 - August 23, 1973
September 7, 1973	\$100,00	August 9 - August 13, 1973
September 18, 1973	\$100.00	August 24 - September 17, 1973
October 11, 1973	\$ 75,00	September 18 - October 10, 1973
October 26, 1973	\$1,00,00	Cotober 11 - October 25, 1973
November 6, 1973	\$100.00	October 26 - Fovember 6, 1973
November 30, 1973	\$100.00	November 6 - Hovember 30, 1973
Of the afore	mentioned monie	s paid to \$25 was for

expenses, the rest was for services rendered.

Paymonts mude to

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 4, 1973

		-
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	I	

The following pages contain information that can be testified to by concerning:

Russell Charles Means

Dennis James Banks

Clyde Howard Bellecourt

Stanley Richard Holder

Leonard Crow Dog

Carter Augustus Camp

b6 b7С b7D RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Rict Laws Impeding Federal Officers;
Assaulting Federal Officers;
Conspiracy; Unlawful Possession of Firearms

that Russell Charles
Means was a main American Indian Movement (AIM) leader in Wounded Knee,
South Dakota, during the occupation of this village from February 27, 1973,
to May 8, 1973, by members of AIM and their supporters.

b7C

b7D

AIM was founded in Minnesota in 1968, dedicated to improving conditions for the American Indian. AIM recently led and participated in confrontations with local authorities in Scottsbluff, Nebraska, and the Rapid City - Custer area of South Dakota. AIM led the takeover and occupation of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, in February - May, 1973.

On February 27, 1973, members of AIM, with non-Indian supporters, seized hostages and by force of arms, occupied the town of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, on the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation during which parts of the town were burned and ransacked, six members of AIM were wounded, two fatally, two Federal officers were wounded, one permanently paralyzed, in several exchanges of gunfire between occupants and surrounding Government forces. On May 8, 1973, the occupation ended by the surrender of the remaining occupants. More than 200 arrests were made in connection with the occupation.

advised that Aussell Charles Means, during the middle of March, 1973, told him that o during the early morning hours.

On advised that during the occupation of Wounded Knee, South Dakota, had to have the permission of Russell Charles Means to travel from one section of Wounded Knee to another section of Wounded Knee. He advised that a three inch by five inch card with the signatures of Russell Charles Means and Stanley Richard Holder on it served as a pass card. This pass card stated "this family is given authorization to travel within the boundries of Wounded Knee, South Dakota.

advised that Bussell Charles Means carried a 38 caliber revolver with a four inch barrell, in a black holster, on his hip,

during the occupation of Wounded Knee, South Dakota.

## RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS (Continued)

of	Wounded	Knee;	South		during	the	early	part	of	the	occurs	tion
	0 ans, whil unded Kne	e.in i		resido	ed in a						Charl from th	

DENNIS JAMES BANKS Crime on an Indian Reservation -Burglary; Larceny and Arson; Anti-Riot Laws - Impeding Federal Officers; Assaulting Federal Officers; Conspiracy; Obstructionof liotor Vehicle involved in Interstate Commorce; Unlawful Fossession of Firearms On March 26, 1973, advised that Dennis James Banks was a main AIM leader during the occupation of Wounded Knee, South Dakota. March 26, 1973, edvised that or On March 20, 1973 On November 30, 1973 On November 30, 1973, advised that during the Wounded Knee occupation, Dennis James Banks and Russell Charles Means resided in a trailer house across from the Wounded Knee Trading Post.

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LEONARD CROW DOG Crime on an Indian Reservation -Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Riot Laws -Impéding Federal Officers; Assaulting Federal Officers; Conspiracy; Unlawful Possession of Firearms

On August 13, 1973 advised that Leonard Crow Bog was in Wounded Knee, South Dakota, during the convention of this village, and was a main AIM leader of this occupation. advised that Leonard Crow Dog served as the Indian religious leader, and helped the other main leaders on over all strategy.	b6 b7С b7D
On August 13, 1973, advised that during the early part of the Wounded Knee, occupation, the occupants of Wounded Knee captured what they thought was a Spanish American FBI Agent that they thought the FBI had sent into Wounded Knee to infiltrate Wounded Knee.	

STANLEY RICHARD HOLDER

Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Riot Laws Impeding Federal Officers; Assaulting
Federal Officers; Conspiracy;
Unlawful Possession of Firearms

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		·	alaa aa aa ah a	the coals
	August 13, 1973,	Ā.	dvised that during	une earry
· -			7. 3. 4 m 4 m 4 0 + 4 m	nor Windon and
On Folder was i	November 30, 1973,	ine security	advised that Stenl at Wounded Knee, Sc	
and was one	of the main AIM lea	ders during t	his occupation.	
Con	November 30, 1973,		advised that Stanl	ev Richard
HOlder. duri	ng the Wounded Knee	occupation,	carried a scoped ri	fle, with
a red rubber	boot on the stock.	This was a	new, expensive, lar	ge caliber
rifle.		• .		
	advised	that Stanley	Richard Holder resi	ded with
the main for	ces of Wounded Knee e hill or in the Wo	, and usually unded Knee Tr	resided in the whi	te Catholic
church on th	e urri or in one Mo	CHARGE TRIOD II	Tool of the	•

b6 b7С b7D CARTER AUGUSTUS CAMP
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary; Larceny and Arson;
Anti-Riot Laws - Impeding Federal
Officers; Assaulting Federal Officers;
Assault with a Dangerous Weapon;
Unlawful Possession of Firearms

					74
Camp was	one of the main	on August 13, 197 n leaders of the W curity.	3, advised that ounded Knee occu	Carter Aug epation and	gustus 1 was
the occur	pation with a la	dvised that Carte args caliber revol	r Augustus Cemp	was armed	during
		), 1973, Knee occupation, Gildersleeve hou			

b7C b7D

CLYDE HOWARD BELLECOURT Crime on an Indian Reservation -Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Piot Laws -Impeding Federal Officers: Assaulting Federal Officers; Assault With a Dangerous Weapon; Conspiracy advised that Clyde Howard On August 13, 1973, Bellecourt was a main AIM leader during the Wounded Knee occupation, and that the other AIM leaders consulted with Clyde Howard Bellecourt before any major decisions. advised that Clyde Howard Bellecourt was armed during the occupation with a 22 caliber revolver.

b7C b7D

Con Hovember 30, 1973, advised that the six main leaders of Mounded Ence previously mentioned, often held meetings at the Church of God in Mounded Ence, South Dakota. This church is the cone shaped red church in the middle of Mounded Ence. Security was tight at these meetings, and no one else was allowed to enter.

furnished:	Payments made to			for :	information
furmichad	On October 11, 19	773 <b>,</b> was	paid \$50	for	information

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. (70-6882)

Minneapolis, Minnesota

December 4, 1973

b7D

to by	The following pages contain information that can be testified concerning:
	Russell Charles Means
	Dennis James Banks
	Clyde Howard Bellecourt
	Stanley Richard Holder
1	Leonard Crow Dog
	Carter Augustus Camp
March	can testify to the events concerning all of the individuals that he personally witnessed between February 28 and 31, 1973, while inside the confines of Wounded Knoe, South Dakota was occupied by American Indian Movement during this period.

RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Riot Laws Impeding Federal Officers;
Assaulting Federal Officers;
Conspiracy; Unlawful Possession of Firearms

	7
On March 16, 1973,	advised that he personally knew
Russell Charles Means to be in full comman	d and in charge as an American
Indian Movement Leader of the occupation a	
during February 27 and May 8, 1973.	
Russell Charles Means to be in possession	
which was carried in a holster attached to	
witten was callifed the dictional acceptance of	Into orde.
On March 16, 1973,	personally observed that Russell
Charles Means was in good control of his p	· ·
Militants, inside Wounded Knee, South Dako	
Russell Charles Means state that he would	
much as these individuals were on the peri	
and assigned these individuals duties such	
ing equipment to these bunkers.	
Charles Means issuing passes to enter the	
Dakota, to newsmen and other press people	
Dakota, to newshen and other press people	- sucering *ounded knee, south bakota.
On March 16, 1973.	reported that he personally
observed	
	Russell
Charles Means moments after the shooting of	i rai agents on Harch II, 1973, at
Wounded Knee, South Dakota.	
·	
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ь6 ь7с ь7р DENNIS JAMES BANKS
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary, Larceny and Arson;
Anti-Riot Laws - Impeding Federal
Officers; Assaulting Federal Officers;
Conspiracy; Costruction of Motor Vehicle
Involved in Interstate Commerce; Unlawful
Fossession of Firearms

on March 16, 1973, reported that Dennis James Banks was in good control of his people, members of the American Indian Movement takeover at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, and that Emil Richards recognized Dennis James Banks as the number two American Indian Hovement Leader in possession of a snub nose 38 revolver carried on his side in a black holster.	b6 b7 b7
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

STAFLEY RICHARD HOLDER

Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Riot Laws Impeding Federal Officers; Assaulting
Federal Officers; Conspiracy; Unlawful
Possession of Firearms

the American Indian Movement	reported that he personally er inside Wounded Knee, South Dakota, during takeover and was personally carrying on his a hand-tooled holster and that Stanley s the head of security.
	tember 28. 1973, identified a Holder as the same individual that he per-

and March 31, 1973. This photograph was taken by CBS personnel during the American Indian Movement takeover between February 27 and May 8, 1973.

b6 b7С b7D

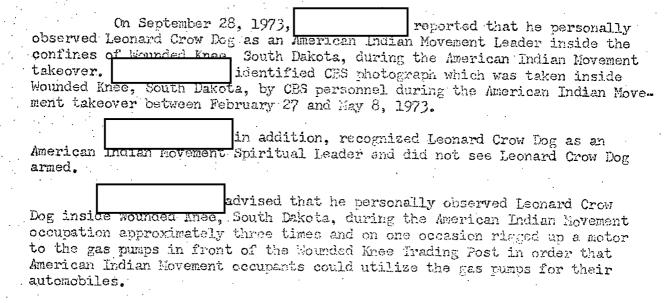
. Zu

CLYDE HOWARD BELLECOURT
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Riot Laws Impeding Federal Officers;
Assaulting Federal Officers;
Assault With a Dangerous Weapon;
Conspiracy

On March 23, 1973,reported that he recognized	
Clyde Howard Bellecourt as the <u>number three American Indian Movement</u> Leader. On September 28, 1973, reported that he personally	,
observed Clyde Howard Bellecourt armed with a 22 pistol and carried this	
pistel in his pocket. In addition, identified the CBS photograph of Clyde Howard Bellecourt which was taken inside Mounded Knee.	
South Dakota, by CBS personnel.	
managed on Variab 27 1072 that he negroundly	
observed a vehicle which is owned by Clyde Howard Bellecourt inside	. <i>'</i>
Wounded Knee, South Dakota, and described it as a 1971 Ford Station Wagon	
dark green, bearing 1972 Minnesota License Plate 3EE376.	

b7D

LEONARD CROW DOG Crime on an Indian Reservation -Burglary and Larceny; Anti-Riot Laws -Impeding Federal Officers; Assaulting Federal Officers; Conspiracy; Unlawful Possession of Firearms



b7C

b7D

CARTER AUGUSTUS CAMP
Crime on an Indian Reservation Burglary; Larceny and Arson;
Anti-Riot Laws - Impeding Federal
Officers; Assaulting Federal Officers;
Assault with a Dangerous Weapon;
Unlawful Possession of Firearms

On September 28, 1973, reported that while he was inside Wounded Knee, South Dakota, between February 23 and March 31, 1973, he personally observed Carter Augustus Camp in nossession and armed at all times with an unknown type of rifle and that recognized Carter Augustus Camp as an American Indian Movement Leader.

advised that he personally observed a caravan of approximately three cars headed by Carter Augustus Camp attack one armored personnel carrier the night this armored personnel carrier drove into the confines of the American Indian Movement takeover at Wounded Knee, South Dakota, and that Carter Augustus Camp, prior to getting into one of these vehicles of the caravan, ordered armed Indians to attack the armored personnel carrier.

b7C b7D The following amounts were paid to and expenses:

b7C

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## SERVICES:

Amount	Date	Period
\$ 15.00 \$100.00 \$100.00 \$125.00 \$100.00 \$150.00 \$75.00 \$ 75.00 \$ 75.00	March 21, 1973 August 6, 1973 August 11, 1973 August 19, 1973 September 7, 1973 September 28, 1973 October 11, 1973 October 26, 1973 November 6, 1973 November 30, 1973	March 21, 1973  March 27 - August 6, 1973  August 6 - August 9, 1973  August 16 - August 19, 1973  August 19 - August 23, 1973  September 7 - September 28, 1973  September 28 - October 11, 1973  October 11 - October 26, 1973  October 25 - November 6, 1973  November 6 - November 30, 1973
EXPENSES:		
\$ 50.00 \$ 25.00 \$ 25.00 \$ 25.00 \$ 25.00	September 28, 1973 Cotober 11, 1973 Cotober 26, 1973 Rovember 6, 1973 November 30, 1973	September 7 - September 28, 1973 September 28 - October 11, 1973 October 11 - October 26, 1973 October 26 - November 6, 1973 November 6 - November 30, 1973

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TO:

DIFFERNA, FIX

(ATTHE COLUMN CRIES WHIT)

Fichis

SAC, MEMBAFOLIO (70-6832) (P)

SUBJUCT:

METARIT CHARMES INVALS!

CIR - ARL;

ITO - COLUMNIACES

LT AL

Polycall from JOHI C. GORDON, Ceneral Crimes Unit on 11/5/73.

Inclosed for the Tureau are five copies each of three LIIs setting forth information that can be testified to by:

ь6 ь7с ь7р

Concorning:

RUSEBAL CHARLES HEARD DERING JAMES BALLS OLYES HOMARD HULLUCOURT FROMMED CROSS INC STANSLIX RICHARD HOLDER

CAPITAL AUPUGARIS CAMP

The information contained in the enclosed MIS is limited to the six individuals noted above and does not centain information concerning other individuals or matters about which these sources can testify to.

Cno copy of each of the three Lills has been disseminated to UBA, Clown Falls, South Dalieta.

2 - Eureau (Laclosures 15)

10 - Minnoapolis

(2 - 70-6332) (1 -(1 -(1 -(1 - 70-6364) (1 - 70-6366) (1 - 70-7041) (1 - 70-6363) (1 - 70-6369)

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## 12/5/73

AIRTEL

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

(ATTN: FBI LABORATORY)

FROM:

SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (70-6882)

SUBJECT:

RUSSELL CHARLES MEANS

CIR - ARL; IFO, BURGLARY, LARCENY

ET AL

AUSA RICHARD D. HURD has previously requested that the list of demands furnished by

to SAC TRIMBACH on 2/27/73 be examined to determine if the signature of MEANS appearing on the document was actually written by MEANS.

The Laboratory is requested to compare the purported signature of RUSSELL MEANS on the enclosed document with the known handwriting of RUSSELL MEANS, FBI Number 877 277 C, in an effort to determine if the two are identical.

Laboratory is requested to expedite this examination and to furnish results to Minneapolis Division prior to 1/1/74.

2-Eureau (Encls.1) (RM) 2-Minneapolis (1-70-6832 SUB P)

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Date received Received from (name or symbol number)	. Received hv	b6
11/29/73	S.A.	b7 b7
Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)		
	ally X recording device written by	Informant
If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent: Date	Date of Report	
Dictatedto	11/21/73	
Dictatedto	Date(s) of activity	
Transcribed 11/27/73		
Authenticated	11/21/73	
by Informant		
Brief description of activity or material .		
CASSETTE TAPE & TRANSCRIPTION OF PRESS		
HELD BY RUSSELL MEANS @ NAT'L PRESS BL CONCERNING "WOUNDED KNEE" & POSSIBLE C		etteched
WITH U.S. GOV'T RE AMERICAN INDIAN RIG	<del></del>	١
COPY OF BILL OF PARTICULARS		
* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDIVIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSIVE	ED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTI ED.	CIPATE.
	on date	
INFORMATION HEREIN MUST BE CAREFUL "CONFIDENTIAL" OR OTHERWISE PROTECT TH	LY PARAPHRASED AND CLASSIFIE	D
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1 <u>-157-5476 (ATM)</u>	WATER CONTINUE CONTIN	
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Wednesday, November 21, 1973 a.m.

Press Conference
Capitol Room
National Press Room
Russell Means Discusses Wounded Knee and
Confrontation at the White House

This letter and this Bill of Particulars to the White House Task Force formed during and after Wounded Knee. Along with this presentation, the leadership of the American Indian Movement and with the assent of the coalitions and affiliations that we have throughout this country and Canada, we are, have also told the United States of America, that if, by 1976, the treaty issue with the American Indians is not adequately and justly dealt with by the United States of America, that planned birthday celebrations by White America will be unhappy birthday celebration. And, this again, I might add, is with the assent of the coalitions and the affiliations we have secured around the nation, both in the Black community, in the Chicano community, and in the White community. Personified by the National Committee to Combat Racism and Political Oppression, which is formed by approximately 180 organizations of which the American Indian Movement is just one.

Reporter What do you mean by unhappy?

Means Huh?

Reporter What do you mean by unhappy?

Means As the world knows, and everybody in this country knows, 1976 is the 200 birthday celebration by White America.

A birthday celebration, and the bi-centennial commission has .continually ignored both on the national and on state levels, ignored, not only the American Indian Movement's requests and pleas for American Indian participation, but also has completely ignored requests from other national indian organizations, the National Congress of American Indians, National Tribal Chairmen's Association, National Indian Education Association, and other national indian organizations which have requested participation by the American Indian in the bi-centennial celebration, and in fact, we demanded last year that the American Indian be the focal point of the bi-centennial celebration. That was under the of Mrs. Nirouski (ph), under the efforts of Mrs. Nirouski (ph), who works at the (inaudible). Reporter When you say you imply something about an unhappy celebration .

Means Definitely.

Reporter What is it?

Means The implication is that, is the very fact that, it's been our stated policy, that if we can find justice, the American Indian through our treaty rights, that we're, we made that statement at Wounded Knee and we continue to make it, is the fact that we'd rather die fighting than continue to submit to the tyranny of this country. And, ah, you take whatever implications you want to from that statement.

Reporter What are you talking about, protests, more : Definitely there will be protests involved. Also, along with this Bill of Particulars, we have lawyers with expertise in international law working in different and various parts of the country on the presentation that we will make to the United States Committee on Colonialism which we will make in the next two to three weeks, provided they're still in session. We are hoping by contacting countries around the world that are economically independent of the United States of America, economically independent, that we can gather, at least enough support to get the treaty question before the United Nations General Assembly. Also in the works, as we are working through Tribal Chairmen of the Sioux Nations of the various reservations in South Dakota and North Dakota, an attempt to get, to use their political force, whatever force that is from their Tribal Councils and from their reservation, to request from Senator Fullbright, complete hearings on the treaty issue, and specifically the 1868 Sioux Treaty. Hopefully, we will gather positive response from both the United Nations and from Washington, D.C. But, of course we are waiting the response from the White House to this Bill of Particulars. And, if you read through the Bill of Particulars, you will note that of course, the question of Wounded Knee has come up. does the United States legally, according to the provisions of the treaty, believe that they have any right coming onto my

reservation at all. Be they be BIA, Justice, Board of Patrol, or F-4 Fantoms, or APC's whatever.

Reporter Mr. Means, what the protests you have made, do you contemplate destruction of property, as the BIA building, and Wounded Knee.

Means The destruction of property also included the lives of two Indian people, Frank Clearwater and Buddy Lamont. Buddy Lamont was destroyed by two shots in the back by the alleged anti-sniper chain employed at Wounded Knee.

Reporter Do you contemplate such protests as destruction and loss of life?

Means We never advocated destruction. We were advocating, of course, that the United States live up to its own laws.

And therefore to do so then, we have to of course, after 105 years, the Trail of Broken Treaties and the Seige of Wounded Knee culminated in destruction of property that was illegally instructed.

Reporter Mr. Means, you've been indicted over Wounded Knee? Have you been tried yet?

Means I've been to court, along with Dennis Banks, Dennis Banks and myself for trial, we're the first of over 300 defendents in charges arising from the Siege of Wounded Knee. We are scheduled for trial in St. Paul, Minnesota, January 8th.

Of which we have gotten the assent of the judge, Judge Nickle (ph), that the treaty question will be decided by that jury, as well as our alleged guilt. Or, innocence, in the charges coming from Wounded Knee.

Reporter Mr. Means, you're a candidate for the Tribal Geremony,

Pine Ridge (inaudible)...

Means Right. Provided the Bureau of Indian Affairs allows me to run in their puppet government, because there are no election laws on the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation, it's been coming from administration to administration to establish their own election laws.

Reporter When will this election take place?

Means It's, it keeps being postponed by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and by the government. The 17th of this month, it is scheduled for a Council Meeting to decide the election laws. However, every time we set a date, they keep postponing it. Traditionally it's always been the primary has always been on December 15th and the general election on January 15th. However there is nothing in the Indian Re-organizational Acts, Constitution and By-laws that make it a certain date. The election, of course, and the results of that election will completely smash the Justice Department's and BIA's claims that we were outsiders in Wounded Knee. And it will completely vindicate there's warriors, and citizens of the independent

Oogala Nation at Wounded Knee, wants the re-election, the election returns.

Reporter Are you subjected to harrassment in your Press Corps Chairmanship of the Oogala Sioux.

Means I receive threats on my life almost daily, both over the phone and through the mail.

Reporter As to the incumbent, Richard Wilson, has conditions improved or deteriorated since Wounded Knee?

Means There has been more housing, (inaudible), whether or not the communities wanted the housing or not, there has been increased funding for the bi-lingual program, there has been increased funding for the schools in Pine Ridge agency. The state of South Dakota has organized, at the State House level, a bi-racial committee to discuss problems with Indian and White people in their state. Ah, I do see some positive results on my reservation since Wounded Knee, however, the  $\mathring{7}$ tyranny and the police state tactics used have been increased this past week-end. Mr. Killscrow (ph), a member of the American Indian Movement, and an Oogala Sioux from that reservation was killed, and Pat Harp(ph) was shot and wounded severly in the hand, the abdomen, and the leg. Since the end of the Siege of Wounded Knee, there have been four deaths of Oogala people, five deaths now, five deaths, and innumerable shootings, caused by the goons, or the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Reporter (inaudible) of the goons was shot to death, not long ago. Would you care to comment on this.

Well, there is a Grand Jury, Federal Grand Jury in Means South Dakota that has convened and will continue to convene into the month of December, of which I will testify before, along with other witnesses and people who knew Pedro (ph) I have no confidence that the Grand Jury at that Grand Jury. will reach a right decision, and that in fact, he was assassinated without any cause. Ah, however, at least we're going to wait until the Grand Jury reaches its decision concerning this incident, that's before we come out with the joint statement on our evidence that we have a community. Reporter Mr. Means, on the principles in the Bill of Particulars you presented to the White House on Monday, did you receive any pledge from any White House Staffer that a response would be prepared by the White House Task Force, 1 and can you tell us who is on that White House Task Force. Ah, the only person I know on there, as you know the White House Task Force met, ah, with the Treaty Council of the Oogala Sioux; at Wounded Knee, while I was still incarcerated in jail, the only person that I do know is on that Task Force is Brad Patterson. And, I believe somebody from the Justice Department, Indian Civil Rights Division. (inaudible) Reporter

Means We presented it to the White House, through Bradley Patterson.

Reporter Did you receive any, um, terms, um, from Mr.

Patterson, a response that he's very (inaudible)...

Means Of course, he refused to comment on any of the questions brought forth on the Bill of Particulars at that time. He's going to study it and give us a response.

(inaudible) is going to be that kind of ambiguous insult that they gave to the response of the Twenty Point Solution Paper we prepared in November of last year.

Reporter Mr. Means, if the 1868 Treaty should be enforced, what would be involved so far as property is concerned, or territory?

Means As to the Bill of Particulars, from the east bank of the Missouri River, westward, the whole western half of the State of South Dakota would have to be dealt with by the United States Government. We feel the United States Government has allowed non-Indians into Western South Dakota fradulently and that is incumbent and in fact, berues the United States of America to justly deal with those people that they have (inaudible) and allowing them to come into South Dakota.

Reporter What would you do with them? Throw them out?
Means Personally, . .

Reporter No, I mean . .

Means Or realistically. Personally, yes, I'd throw out every non-Indian.

Reporter Throw them out, farmers, and everyone else.

Means You bet. However, realistically speaking, realistically speaking, we are looking forward to the return of all federal lands in western South Dakota to the (inaudible) nation. Such as the Windcave Park in the Black Hills, and various other federal properties, past military installations, the gunnery range, where they are now burying what do you call it, atomic waste.

Reporter Mr Means, are you not aware that Congress, itself, aggregated that Treaty of 1868 and made certain other adjustments to the Indians, including the more recent Court of Claims Settlement.

Means The 1868 treaty has never been aggregated, sir, only through fradulent means by the United States Government, which can be proven.

Reporter You mean by Congress.

Means By Congress. They set out a Commission which only received 10 percent of the adult male population of the Cheyenne River Reservation to aggregate the treaty, and within the treaty, the provisions are that 75 percent of the adult males of the Lacolta (ph) nation, and the signatories to that treaty have to consent to the aggregation before it can be aggregated. We have never, we, 75 percent of the adult male

population has never been asked. Is that all, gentlemen, ladies and gentlemen.

Reporter One more question please. You and Dennis Banks both personally told me, failed, that the purpose of American Indian Movement was to destroy the Indian Bureau. What would you put in its place?

Means The Bureau of Indian Affairs. We have put our right to enter into the international community. We have put our right to deal with the United States of America on the same sovereign basis that Nigeria, Sweden, or other countries around the world deal with the United States.

Reporter You think you are a sovereign nation?

Means We think, we know, by law we are. By right of emminent domain.

Reporter Mr. Means, on your (inaudible)

Means The Supreme Court of America has defined us as a sovereign people. Yes.

Reporter The Wounded Knee trials, which open in January, two of you will be the first to be tried, you said nearly 300 people, are there any agreements, are we led to understand that there are agreements between the Wounded Knee Committee Lawyers and the Justice Department, and if you are, if the federal attorneys fail to convict you, then the other people indicted will not be brought to trial. Is that it?

There have, there, the Justice Department is Means now trying to have massive trials of other non-conspiracy cases in Sioux Falls, South Dakota. It astonishes me that the judicial system can take two views of the American Indian people, myself, and say a person like Jim Robedeer(ph) who is charged with non-conspiracy cases. We have proved that we couldn't get a fair trial in South Dakota, so they made a change to St. Paul. Nevertheless, the non-conspiracy cases, or the majority of all but six of the defendants of the trials arising from Wounded Knee will be tried in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, that's the way it looks at that time, even though we do have a change of motion. It looks like they are mounting a massive legal attack on the defendants of Wounded Knee, hoping to get all types of convictions, even before the trial concludes with Dennis Banks and myself.

Reporter Mr. Means, you mentioned also that Mr. Vangeloid (ph) is one of the most prominent Indians in the country, usually considered a moderate, presented your Bill of Particulars to the White House on Monday. I know that during the Wounded Knee Occupation Siege he prepared guest editorials in the New York Times and the Denver Post, somewhat critical of the occupation. What brought about his change in mind?

Means He was somewhat critical, because he was never at Wounded Knee, for one thing. The other thing, is that since then we have met with him two or three times, and, presently

his concern, of course, has always been, primary concern I think is his books, his writings reflect that, and that concern is the treaty with the United States of America.

Now, before Indian Affairs ever becomes positive, the treaty question has to be dealt with, that's the first thing that has to be dealt with. So, consequently, he has agreed to work with me, somewhat loosely on the treaty question and we believe we do have a chance of getting hearings from Fullbright, as I mentioned before, and getting a sympathetic ear in the United Nations, provided we present it, you know, as proper as possible, that is as fully documented as possible. Reporter Why is the citation of the Supreme Court decision (inaudible)

Means I have no idea what that citation is.

Reporter How long ago was it? .

Means I have no idea about that either. All I know is that they define us as dependent domestic nations.

Reporter Dependent.

Means Right. You see, we want to be independent.

Reporter Well, if you said the Supreme Court . .

Means We do not believe that people can be responsible people if they are dependent people. Only when you are independent can you attain responsibility, and you know that it says that in your own constitution.

Reporter Mr. Means, have you approached any members of Senator Fullbright's staff on the Foreign Relations Committee, or (inaudible) as of this morning.

Means No, I haven't. You see, Brad Patterson refused to meet with the Oogala Treaty Council, Frank Fullscrow (ph), Ramone Ribadeaux, and Matthew King, requested a meeting for last Monday. He refused to meet with the other three, but he did agree to meet with Vine (ph), and that's when we passed it. I do not try to personally meet with any officials of the United States, because I do know that they don't want to meet with me, so I don't request to meet with Fullbright, or Bradley Patterson, or anyone like that, you know, I just know their response. Is that it. Thank you.

Richard M. Nixon, President United States of America c/o White House Task Force on Wounded Knee 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President:

We are submitting herewith a Bill of Particulars for your consideration and response. This document is based upon the previous meetings held between the White House Task Force and the traditional chiefs and headmen of the Lakota Nation held at Chief Frank Fools Crow's house at Kyle, South Dakota on the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation earlier this year.

We believe that before we continue further with discussions on the problems existing between the Lakota Nation and the United States of America that it would be good to have the understanding of the United States concerning the treaty that our nation signed with yours on April 29, 1868.

We hope that you will respond to our questions as fully and completely as possible so that we can know your understanding and position on this treaty and the respective articles of it. We hope that a response in good faith will be forthcoming with a short time so that the next time that we meet in council with representatives of the United States some of the issues of the treaty can already be resolved.

American Indians all over the nation are watching the work of this Task Force to determine if it will deal justly with the representatives of the Lakota Nation and we hope that you will instruct your representatives to present us with as complete a statement as possible concerning the position of the United States with respect to the present status of this treaty.

Respectfully submitted,

Chief Frank Fools Crow Matthew King, Chairman Oglala Sioux Treaty Council The major controversy between the Lakota people and the United States government concerns the Treaty of 1868 signed at Fort Laramie, Wyoming Territory between April and November, 1868. That treaty was duly ratified by the Senate of the United States and proclaimed by the President of the United States in due course on February 24, 1869. Because this treaty forms, along with the Treaty of 1851, also signed at Fort Laramie, the basic legal relationship binding the United States of America and the Lakota Nation, we feel that it is now incumbent upon the United States, after avoiding the obvious legal responsibilities accepted by the United States upon ratification for nearly a century, to present to the traditional chiefs and headmen of the Oglala and other bands of the Lakota Nation, its understanding of the meaning and legal effect of this treaty.

We therefore present to the White House Task Force which was created during the Wounded Knee confrontation a series of questions concerning the interpretation by the United States of the articles of said treaty. We will not accept rhetoric and soothing words or excuses. We have need of specific answers to these questions in order that we may study the position of the United States with respect to the treaty and its several articles. When the representatives of the United States have fully explained the actions of their nation with respect to the fulfillment of the provisions of this treaty, we will study their answers, checking their citations and explanations, and will prepare an answer to the United States. In this way we will be able to narrow the con-

troversy to specific questions and arguments concerning specific articles of the treaty and the historical events following and preceding the signing of this treaty.

We therefore call upon the United States to answer in writing within a reasonable time the following questions. We want citations to existing documents, diaries, statutes, and cases which we can check ourselves. We believe that with the ratification of this treaty the United States of America placed its honor and status as a civilized nation before the other nations of the world and that it can now only respond with dignity to the questions which we pose.

OUESTION # 1. Does the United States of America regard the Treaty of April 29, 1868, (15 Stat. 635), Ratified February 16, 1869, and proclaimed by the President of said nation on February 24, 1869 as a valid legal document binding the Lakota Nation and the United States in a legal relationship?

- a.) If the United States does not regard this treaty as a valid and legally binding document at what point did the United States disclaim or declare invalid such treaty
- b) If the United States does not regard this treaty as a valid and legally binding document, what document does

  The United States regard as legally binding upon either party or both parties?
  - c) If the United States does not regard this treaty as

    valid and legally binding upon it, what is the basis for

    the claim by the United States that it has ANY juris-

diction over the people of the Lakota Nation, AT ALL ?

- QUESTION # 2. What is the current status of the 1868 Treaty?
  - a.) What articles of this treaty does the United States regard as binding upon it?
  - b.) What articles of this treaty does the United States
    believe that it has fulfilled?
  - c.) What articles of this treaty does the United States admit having not yet fulfilled?

QUESTION # 3. With respect to Article I of said treaty, we regard the dispatch of federal marshals to the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation last winter as a violation of said article in that such behavior violates the provision and promise of Article I that the United States "desires peace, and they now pledge their honor to maintain it." How does the United States justify its invasion of the lands of the Oglala Band of the Lakota Nation by federal marshals last winter?

QUESTION # 4. With respect to Article II of said treaty, we regard the building of dams on the Missouri River as a violation of the treaty which continues until the present in that the United States has unilaterally and unconstitutionally deprived the Lakota people of their rights to use all of said Missouri River, the totality of said river laying within the boundaries of the Lakota Nation. What position does the United States take with respect to this violation?

QUESTION = 5. With respect to Article III of said treaty, we regard the acts of the United States consequent to the Treaty of 1868 as violations of this article in that we are unaware of any effort by the United States to determine the amount of arable land suitable for the people of the Lakota Nation. Does the United States maintain

hat it has fulfilled his article of the treaty If so, when ?

And how ?

CUESTION #6 With respect to Article V of the treaty, we maintain that the United States has failed to enforce the provisions of this article to the benefit of the Lakota people and that far from keeping the agent's office open to investigate cases of depredation on person and property the agent and his successor the superintendent have aided and abetted such depredations and that their actions led directly to the confrontation at Wounded Knee. If the United States feels that it has performed its duties under this article in good faith, can it list its efforts to perform its duties and their results?

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QUESTION # 7. With respect to Article VI of the treaty, we maintain that the procedures described in this article were the ONLY means open to either the Lakota people or the United States to allot the lands of the Lakotas. We maintain that the United States, in fraudulently allotting the lands of the Lakotas has violated this article of the treaty. Does the United States claim that it has either fulfilled or followed the procedures described in this article in making allotments of the lands of the Lakotas? If so, how?

QUESTION # 8. With respect to Article VII of the treaty, we maintain that this article provides for a special and ongoing educational program for the Lakota people. We maintain that the United States has not fulfilled the provisions of this article and remains liable to the Lakota people in the field of education. Does the United States maintain that it has fulfilled this article of the treaty? If so, how?

QUESTION # 9. With respect to Article VIII of this treaty, we demand an accounting of the fulfillment by the United States of the provisions of this treaty.

QUESTION # 10. With respect to Article X of this treaty, we demand an accounting of the fulfillment by the United States of the provisions of this treaty.

QUESTION # 11. With respect to Article XI of this treaty, we declare that we, the Lakota Nation, have fulfilled this provision. Does the United States maintain that it has fulfilled the provisions of this article of the treaty? If so, when? and How?

QUESTION # 12. With respect to Article XII of this treaty, we maintain that the ratification by Congress of this treaty foreclosed the use by the United States of America ANY OTHER POSSIBLE MEANS of gaining additional land cessions from the Lakota Nation. Does the United States feel that it has fulfilled the provisions of this article of the treaty? If so, when? and How?

QUESTION # 13. With respect to Article XV of this treaty, we maintain that when the Lakota people accepted the reservation outlined in this treaty as a permanent home such acceptance thereby foreclosed any cession of jurisdiction by the United States over the Lakota Nation. How does the United States interpret the phraseology "permanent home"?

QUESTION # 14. With respect to Article XVI, how does the United States interpret the phrase "unceded Indian territory"?

QUESTION # 15. With respect to Article XVII of this treaty, how does the United States interpret this article insofar as it only

abrogates those portions of previous treaties and agreements that obligate the United States to provide money, clothing, or other articles of property?

The only possible solution to the problems which the United States of America has created for the Lakota Nation is the fulfill—ment of the provisions of this treaty. We maintain that the United States has failed and is failing to live up to its legal obligations as described in the articles of this treaty. We further maintain that no constructive means can be found to resolve the present disputes between the Lakota people and the United States of America until satisfaction is rendered to the Lakota people on each and every point herein discussed. We regard this Bill of Particulars as one means of clarifying those issues and treaty articles which are in dispute between us at the present time.

We request an answer with full documentation of each and every point raised herein with complete citations to all relevant documents pertaining to the fulfillment of treaty promises. We do not regard the articulation of the United States' response as having any effect on the present litigation now being conducted in the Indian Claims Commission or any other federal or state court insofar as such litigation touches upon the land cessions allegedly made by the Lakota Nation to the United States for any period after 1868. The articles that we have cited relate to the fulfillment of certain promises and services guaranteed by the United States to the Lakota people and not to drawing lines on an ancient map. Thus we will regard any mention of existing litigation over land cessions as an answer "not in good faith" should the White House Task Force give

Trail of Broken Treaties.

We also do not regard this submission of a Bill of Particulars as a substitute for the litigation of treaty issues in any court of the United States in any case now pending or yet to be filed against any member of the Lakota Nation or its confederated or allied tribes of Indians. The purpose of this Bill of Particulars is to solicit from the White House Task Force its understanding of the status of the Treaty of 1868 as signed by the United States and the Lakota Nation at Fort Laramie, Wyoming Territory, April 29, 1868.

We reserve the right to litigate any and all articles, clauses and phrases of this and any other treaty, agreement, convention and statute affecting our lives, our rights to self-government, and our property at any time when we believe, or have good reason to suspect that the United States is violating or intends to further violate our legal rights.

We await the response of the United States.

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THE ABOVE IS A COPY OF THE ORIGINAL INFORMANT REPORT.

ALL HECESSARY ACTION WHICH SHOULD BE TAKEN IN CONNECTION WITH THIS INFORMATION HAS BEEN TAKEN.